

compiled by <u>John A. Brebner</u>

22 January 2025 Version 1.3

Generation One

1. William Cartwright #313675, b. in England? .

(Unsourced online genealogy).

He married (unidentified) #313676, b. in England?

Children:

2. i. Richard Cartwright #212546 b. 18 November 1720.

Generation Two

 Richard Cartwright #212546, b. 18 November 1720 in London, England,¹ occupation 1770 Inn Owner at Cherry Valley, Albany County, New York, d. October 1794 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,¹ buried 23 October 1794 in Lower Churchyard, (St. Paul's), Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.¹.

Sued for debt to Harmanus SCHUYLER 01 SEP 1770 1775: Bought 100 acres near Cherry Valley, New York from Peter MARTIN. Ten acres ware cleared. Suffered losses of house and effects.

A. H. YOUNG, [Archibald Hope Young, 1863-1936] of Trinity College, Toronto, for The Kingston Historical Society, Kingston, Ontario; The British Whig Publishing Company Limited 1921.

"Richard Cartwright, Sr. According to the family monument in St. Paul's Churchyard, he was born in London, England, on the 18th of November, 1720. Thence he migrated to Albany, N.Y., which he left in 1778 to come to Canada. He is supposed to have been enrolled in the militia of the Province of New York during the "French War" of 1756-1763 or the American Revolutionary War, or both, and to have been awarded for his services a military pension on the basis of a subaltern's pay. This he enjoyed down to 1783, judging from a petition for land which the Hon. Richard Cartwright, as his son and heir, presented to Council. This Petition was read on August 12, 1795, the Council granting the prayer of it to the extent of 500 acres.

"On the formation of the settlement at Cataraqui in 1784, Mr. Cartwright, Sr., repaired thither, as he stated in a petition for land, which he himself presented in company with Neil McLean, Richard Porter, and William Atkinson (U. C. Land and State Book A, July 8, 1794, p.198). He was early appointed a Justice of the Peace and, as before stated, he became a member of the Land Board of Mecklenburg just on the eve of the proclamation of the Constitutional Act by Sir Alured (Alfred?) Clarke, on December 24, 1791. Of the Board for the County of Frontenac he continued to be a member practically down to the time of its abolition in 1794. In Q Series, Vol.51,1, pp.372-3, he is described as "a very worthy and deserving Loyalist."

"He had been assigned Lot 20, on which he had built a house, and he had the ferry across the river. As his lot, Neil McLean's, and naval purposes, he agreed to exchange his holding for 200 acres "not a great distance from the former Lot." Mr. McDonell demurring, all three were left in undisturbed possession, as "in the opinion of the Board, Government will have occasion for neither, as Timber and firewood for the use of the Garrison [at Point Frederick] may at all times be purchased for less money than the cutting it down would cost to supply fuel and wood for building" (Quebec Land Book for Upper Canada, pp. 370-2).

"In 1745 he had married Johanna Beasley, a native of Albany, who was born September 6, 1726, and was buried in Kingston, September 6, 1795. Mr. Cartwright had predeceased her by rather less than a year, having been buried on October 23, 1794.

"So far as is known, Mr. Cartwright, Sr., and Mr. Markland were the first Churchwardens of the parish."

He married **Johanna Beasley** #212547, 1745 in Albany, New York,¹ b. c. March 1726 * in Albany, Albany County, New York State,¹ (daughter of **James John Beasley** #276020 and **Lydia (Dailey, Daily, Daley) Dally** #276021), baptized 13 March 1726 in Albany, Albany County, New York,² d. September 1795 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, buried 06 September 1795 in St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

Johanna:

Some sources suggest a birth date of 09 or 13 MAR 1726...

- 3. i. Susannah Cartwright #274301 b. 07 August 1748.
- 4. ii. Elizabeth Cartwright #274302 b. 13 May 1750.
- 5. iii. John Cartwright #274298 b. 10 May 1752.
- 6. iv. Catherine Cartwright #274296 b. 10 March 1754.
- 7. v. Henry Cartwright #274297 b. 07 December 1755.
- 8. vi. **Susannah Cartwright** #274300 b. 04 September 1757.
- 9. vii. Richard Cartwright #212534 b. 02 February 1759.

Generation Three

- 3. Susannah Cartwright #274301, b. 07 August 1748 in Albany, Albany County, New York,³ d. in childhood? .
- 4. Elizabeth Cartwright #274302, b. 13 May 1750 in New York, New York,³ d. 08 August 1829.

She married **T. Robinson** #315979.

- 5. John Cartwright #274298, b. 10 May 1752 in Albany County, New York,³ d. 23 September 1824 in London, Middlesex, England.
- 6. Catherine Cartwright #274296, b. 10 March 1754 in Trinity Church Parish, New York, New York.³.

She married **R. Williams** #315980.

- 7. Henry Cartwright #274297, b. 07 December 1755 in New York, New York.³.
- 8. Susannah Cartwright #274300, b. 04 September 1757 in New York, New York.³.
- Richard Cartwright #212534, b. 02 February 1759 in Albany, Albany County, New York State, occupation Barrister, Merchant, Member of Legislative Assembly, religion Church of England, occupation 1787 Shipbuilder, "Lady Dorchester", d. 27 July 1815 in Kingston?,⁴ buried in Kingston?.⁴.

1787: Family arrived in Kingston from Niagara, Ontario.

From: George Rawlyk and Janice Potter, "CARTWRIGHT, RICHARD," in Dictionary of Canadian Biography, vol. 5, University of Toronto/Université Laval, 2003–, accessed April 20, 2023, http://www.biographi.ca/en/bio/cartwright_richard_5E.html.

CARTWRIGHT, RICHARD, businessman, office holder, judge, politician, militia officer, and author; b. 2 Feb. 1759 in Albany, N.Y., son of Richard Cartwright and Joanne Beasley; m. c. 1784 Magdalen Secord in Cataraqui (Kingston, Ont.), and they had eight children; d. 27 July 1815 in Kingston, Upper Canada.

Richard Cartwright's father was a native of England who had emigrated to New York in 1742 and his mother was from a "loyal Dutch family." By the early 1770s Richard Cartwright Sr had established himself as a pillar of the community in Albany: he owned a successful inn and a valuable tract of land near Cherry Valley; he was also deputy postmaster of Albany and active locally in the Church of England. His prosperity allowed his son to attend private primary and advanced schools where he studied "the classics and higher branches of education," in preparation for a career in the church. Although the outbreak of the American revolution ended young Richard's plans for the ministry, his appetite for learning remained. Despite a badly deformed left eye, he read extensively, wrote lucid and often evocative prose, and trumpeted the virtues of "Reading, Writing, Thinking or Conversing Sensibly." In later years Cartwright – widely read, intelligent, and blessed, it was said, with a photographic memory – was a man of intellectual stature who sometimes overawed his contemporaries in the pioneer community of Upper Canada.

The life of the Cartwright family in New York was totally disrupted by the American revolution. At first Richard Cartwright Sr was able to avoid confrontation with the rebels who controlled the Albany region. In 1775 he contributed supplies to the attack on Fort Ticonderoga (near Ticonderoga, N.Y.) led by Ethan Allen

and Benedict Arnold, and he also turned over at least two suspicious letters to rebel leaders. But with the Declaration of Independence the older Cartwright felt compelled to withdraw to a more neutral position. His neutrality, however, was challenged in February 1777 when the Albany committee of correspondence seized a letter written by Richard Cartwright Jr to his sister, Elizabeth Robison of Niagara (near Youngstown, N.Y.). The contents of the letter were obviously incriminating since Richard Jr was ordered to "enter into security for his future good behaviour." It seems that by October 1777 Richard Jr's good behaviour could no longer be guaranteed and his father gained permission from the committee to allow Richard Jr and his young niece, Hannah, to leave for British territory. Richard's parents, tainted by the loyalism of their son, suffered personal abuse, had their property "destroyed & plundered," and in July 1778 were "conveyed away by a Guard to Crown Point."

In an account of his journey to the province of Quebec written in 1777, and also in his later writings, Richard Cartwright Jr tried to clarify the basis of his loyalty to the British empire and constitution. Shortly after his departure from New York, he explained his reasons for leaving: "The distracted Condition of my native Country, where all Government was subverted, where Caprice was the only Rule and Measure of usurped Authority, and where all the Distress was exhibited that Power guided by Malice can produce, had long made me wish to leave it . . . notwithstanding the tender Feelings of Humanity which I suffered at Parting from the fondest of Parents, and a Number of agreeable Acquaintance it gave me a sensible Pleasure to quit a Place where Discord reigned and all the miseries of Anarchy had long prevailed." To loyalists such as Cartwright the British constitution symbolized institutions and traditions – for example, a government with an appointed upper house and executive, trial by jury, and habeas corpus – which guaranteed order, authority, and liberty under law. The other dimension of his loyalism was his belief in the "Unity of the Empire," under "the supremacy of Parliament," "considered as co-extensive with the British Dominions." In other words, it was his conviction that the many different branches of the British empire should be united under the authority of parliament, which ensured order, stability, and a uniformity of interests throughout the empire's various parts. Taken together, Cartwright's view of the empire, his commitment to the British constitution, and his strong awareness of his loyalist origins influenced both his response to public issues and the direction in which he sought to guide Upper Canada. After journeying overland to Montreal, Cartwright eventually became secretary to John Butler*, major commandant of a loyalist regiment based at Fort Niagara. He spent 1778 and 1779 on military expeditions into northern New York and gained experience in military provisioning while making valuable commercial contacts. In May 1780 he left the military to enter a partnership with Robert Hamilton. The following year Hamilton and Cartwright with the help of their principal suppliers, James McGill and Isaac Todd of Montreal – formed a partnership with John Askin of Detroit. All of these merchants were eager to tap not only the lucrative fur trade but also the supply of British garrisons. Cartwright's movements for the next couple of years are difficult to trace, but by 1783 he may have been looking after the firm's operations in eastern Upper Canada from a store on Carleton Island (N.Y.). In 1784 the partnership with Askin was amicably dissolved, and that same year or perhaps in 1785 Cartwright moved from Carleton Island to Cataraqui on the mainland. Shortly after moving, Cartwright married a member of a well-known loyalist family, Magdalen Secord, sister in-law of Laura [Ingersoll*]. She would provide her husband with eight children, unflagging devotion and love, and unquestioning support.

At Carleton Island and later in Cataraqui (renamed Kingston in 1788), Cartwright found himself in an excellent position to realize his considerable entrepreneurial potential. He possessed untiring energy and a passion for detail, controlling every aspect of his growing business. Continuing in partnership with Hamilton until 1790, Cartwright was able to use the military contacts he had developed in Niagara to win supply contracts for the Kingston garrison; in the early 1790s William Robertson and Isaac Todd lobbied

successfully in England to win an exclusive contract for Cartwright, Hamilton, Askin, and David Robertson to supply the Upper Canadian garrisons between 1793 and 1795. Cartwright also acted as a key link in the "commercial empire of the St Lawrence," which stretched from London to Montreal and through Kingston to Niagara, Detroit, and the northwest. In Kingston, Cartwright received and forwarded, for a five per cent commission, goods that McGill and Todd were sending into the interior. He exported Upper Canadian products – lumber, wheat, flour, potash, and pearl ash – through Montreal, and imported, via his Montreal agents, English manufactures and other goods which he sold very profitably to the growing civilian population. The virtual monopoly that Cartwright and other Kingston merchants, such as Joseph Forsyth, Peter Smith*, and John Kirby*, had over the economic life of the region translated itself into that dependent relationship between debtor and creditor which has characterized so many frontier societies. Thus, from the mid 1780s on, Cartwright was able to take full advantage of his location and his myriad of friends and associates. Even he admitted, however, that much depended on British support and British capital. He pointed to "the numerous garrisons and public departments established amongst us" and observed that "as long as the British Government shall think [it] proper to hire people to come over to eat our flour, we shall go on very well, and continue to make a figure."

Despite all of his early advantages, in 1786 Cartwright had found himself in a vulnerable economic situation and he therefore decided to pull back, as he put it, "into a narrow Compass." But by 1788 the general economic situation had improved and Cartwright involved himself in shipbuilding with the construction of the 120-ton Lady Dorchester. Six years later he joined a number of other merchants in building the Governor Simcoe.

Cartwright had learned early in his business career that diversification and flexibility were absolutely essential if a reasonable profit was to be earned. His general store in Kingston has been accurately described as "the most important business centre" in the community. He also owned a blacksmith's shop and a cooper's shop in Kingston. In 1792 he purchased the government mills Robert Clark* had built at Napanee – 25 miles west of Kingston – and immediately enlarged them to increase the production of flour. The flour produced at Napanee was of unusually fine quality and within a few years Cartwright was sending it to Niagara and to Montreal. At Napanee, moreover, he constructed a large "Shop," a sawmill, a fulling-mill, a distillery, and a "tavern and other buildings." In 1815 he estimated that, for the 1806 to 1814 period, the operations in Napanee had "produced a profit of £11,011-19-8 equal to £1376-10 per Annum." According to Cartwright, "few if any mercantile houses in Kingston have done business to equal advantage for the same time." His profit from his Kingston businesses must have been at least as large as that from Napanee.

Flour had become by the mid 1790s such an important staple for Cartwright that he stressed, "unless we can make our payments by this means our business is likely to become very languid in this province." In 1801 more than 25 per cent of all the flour shipped to Montreal from Kingston was Cartwright flour. The Kingston merchant was also very much involved in the salted pork trade. In 1794, for example, 800 barrels of pork were produced in Kingston – 75 per cent more than in 1793. The remarkable increase was traced to one man – Richard Cartwright.

Realizing the growing importance of the flour and pork trade to Montreal and beyond, and the disadvantages of being dependent upon bateaux, Cartwright in 1794 began "to think seriously of attempting to facilitate the Export of our produce to Montreal, by means of Scows and Rafts." In 1801 he was busy constructing his own scows and he proposed sending them laden with flour directly from

Napanee to Quebec. Despite the loss of one of his scows on the St Lawrence River in 1802, Cartwright's enthusiasm for what he regarded as a most practical and inexpensive mode of transport never waned.

Not only was Cartwright interested and active in almost every aspect of trade; he also encouraged local manufacturing. He was involved in making canvas for the British navy during the War of 1812 and also in distributing knitted products made locally. Moreover, together with other members of the Kingston élite such as Peter Smith, Lawrence Herchmer, and Allan MacLean*, he felt obliged in 1811 to keep the Kingston Gazette alive by purchasing it for a time from its disenchanted owner [see Stephen Miles*]. Cartwright considered the Gazette to be an influential means whereby he and his fellow leaders could mould the attitudes and values of the inhabitants of eastern Upper Canada. It is, therefore, not surprising that, under the pseudonym "Falkland," Cartwright contributed many articles to the Gazette on the eve of and during the War of 1812. In these he underscored the loyalist and British traditions which he felt were at the core of Upper Canadian society.

When Cartwright died in 1815 he left to his wife and children not only all of his valuable business enterprises and his houses and personal property in Kingston and York (Toronto) but also more than 27,000 acres of land to be found throughout much of Upper Canada. He obviously was an unusually gifted and successful entrepreneur. One of the major reasons for his commercial success, without question, was his scrupulous honesty and his remarkable eye for detail. He took no unfair advantage of his clients and he expected the same treatment in return. Another reason was his flexibility and his commercial diversification. He had succeeded, as he had once expressed it in 1815, in making all his enterprises "mutually to assist to play into each other."

Cartwright's economic views coincided with his economic interests. He opposed "Interference in the Management of Private Property" – whether stringent laws regarding bankruptcy and financial disclosure or restrictions on trade – as being "inconsistent with Civil Rights." But he also advocated that government should encourage the production of certain cash crops by providing bounties and by inspecting Upper Canadian exports to ensure their high quality. He was especially opposed to restrictions on Upper Canadian trade with Lower Canada or the United States and used his influence (as one of three Upper Canadians on an interprovincial commission) to obtain in 1798 free trade with the United States. This reciprocity agreement ended only when the United States imposed restrictions in 1801. Cartwright argued that free trade would benefit Upper Canada since the northern United States would become integrated into the St Lawrence commercial system and English manufactures and Canadian produce would reach American markets through Canadian ports, such as Kingston, and through the hands of Canadian merchants, such as Richard Cartwright. Early in his life Cartwright had pondered the difficulty of distinguishing between schemes "set on Foot" for the good of one's country and those advocated from "some private consideration." His conclusion, that it was impossible even for the individuals involved to distinguish between them, might aptly summarize the relationship between the interests of Upper Canada and those of Richard Cartwright.

Cartwright's stature in the community and his sense of duty to serve and promote the "good of the society" led to his appointment as a justice of the peace some time in the mid 1780s, and he served as chairman of the magistrates in his district once the Court of Quarter Sessions began meeting in 1788; in that year he was also appointed a judge of the Court of Common Pleas. He was regarded as a conscientious, astute judge who added "dignity to the court." In 1797, and again in 1800, Cartwright was named with Joshua Booth, Hazelton Spencer, and Joseph Forsyth to the first Heir and Devisee Commission for the Midland District. In 1800, as well, Cartwright was appointed one of the commissioners in the

Midland District for administering the oath of allegiance to settlers claiming land. His other appointments included: member of the Mecklenburg land board (established in 1788), militia officer (1793), county lieutenant (1792), and, most important, legislative councillor (1792). Moreover, he actively encouraged the improvement of Upper Canada's educational facilities. In 1799 Cartwright brought to Upper Canada a young Scottish teacher, John Strachan*, who was destined to educate many of the next generation of Upper Canadian leaders. A few years later, in 1805, Cartwright wrote a memorandum on education which resulted in a decision by the legislature to appropriate £400 for the purchase of scientific instruments for Strachan's Cornwall school.

An important event in Cartwright's political career was his quarrel with Upper Canada's first lieutenant governor, John Graves Simcoe. At stake were two different perceptions of Upper Canada as a British colony. Simcoe wanted Upper Canada to become a miniature of England with a landed aristocracy, an established church, and institutions which would be replicas of those in England – as Cartwright said, "he [Simcoe] thinks every existing regulation in England would be proper here." In contrast, Cartwright believed that, although colonial institutions should be modelled on those of the mother country, the stress should be on "the spirit of the constitution," not "on copying all the subordinate establishments without considering the great disparity of the two countries in every respect." On these grounds, Cartwright, though an Anglican, opposed the exclusive privileges given to the Anglican clergy in the Marriage Act of 1793 since there was inadequate "provision for the marriages of Dissenters," who comprised a majority of the population. Similarly, he opposed the Judicature Act of 1794, whereby Upper Canadian courts were centralized as in England, because the scattered population along with the shortage of lawyers made such centralization impractical. Not only did Cartwright think that British institutions had to be adapted to Upper Canadian needs and conditions, but he also felt that the independent views of colonial leaders, such as himself, should be respected by British lieutenant governors. He believed that he had been appointed a legislative councillor because of his "Knowledge of the country and legislation to be most applicable to the situation of the colony; not merely to show my Complaisance to the person at the head of the Government." Besides, Cartwright felt that he, unlike Simcoe, had made a long-term commitment to the colony. "All my prospects, as well for myself as my family," he wrote, "are confined to this province: I am bound to it by the strongest ties, and with its welfare my interest is most essentially connected." It is understandable why he was convinced that it was his right and duty to oppose policies that would jeopardize the colony's future.

Moreover, Simcoe's land policy – to encourage American emigrants to settle in Canada challenged Cartwright's vision of Upper Canada as an "asylum for the unfortunate Loyalists reduced to poverty and driven into exile by their attachment to Britain." This was the issue that upset Cartwright the most since, unlike Simcoe, he felt that Upper Canada was primarily a loyalist colony. "Loyalists heard, with astonishment and indignation, persons spoken of as proprietors of townships whom they had encountered in the field under the banners of the rebellion," Cartwright stated. Also, by opening Upper Canada to American settlers, Simcoe had "dispel[led] the opinion fondly cherished by the Loyalists, that the donation of lands to them in this country was intended as a mark of peculiar favour and a reward for their attachment to their Sovereign." Cartwright argued that it was important in Upper Canada to "lay a solid foundation" and stress the character of immigrants, not their numbers. Americans, though resourceful, intelligent, and capable farmers, held subversive "political notions," such as an "affection of equality," and lacked "habits of subordination." They thus threatened the stable, peaceful, and ordered community which was Cartwright's Upper Canada. Another challenge to Cartwright's Upper Canada came in the first decade of the 19th century from a group of government critics, one of whom, John Mills Jackson*, wrote a pamphlet, A view of the political situation of the province of Upper Canada . . . (London, 1809), which was very critical of the authorities. Cartwright responded in his Letters, from an American loyalist (1810) by denouncing critics such as Jackson, Robert Thorpe*, Joseph Willcocks, and William Weekes, in terms reminiscent of his earlier denunciations of the American rebels, as a "Faction" of demagogues and "turbulent Spirit[s]" who were making "indecent aspersions against the Government," "throwing obloquy" on it, and "cabal[ling] against" it. Like the rebels, argued Cartwright, these demagogues' "seditious exertions" were undermining the authority of government and law and disrupting the peace, order, and good government of Upper Canada. Jackson and his friends had offended Cartwright's loyalist sensibilities when they suggested that the loyalists had acted from mercenary motives. Aroused, Cartwright replied that "they were animated by no mercenary motives," and encouraged the 19th-century myth about the upper class origins of the loyalists by asserting "that the generality of those gallant men, so little known, and so much undervalued by their pretended Advocate, were men of Property; and some of them the greatest Landholders in America." Obviously, Cartwright's most deeply held preconceptions about himself as a loyalist had been challenged. And like other loyalist leaders, he became increasingly concerned about preserving the judicial and political status quo. By 1807 it was virtually impossible to distinguish Cartwright's views from those expressed by the government élite in York. In fact, Cartwright had become part of the élite. He was a particularly close associate of Lieutenant Governor Francis Gore* and one of his principal advisers.

Yet another significant threat to Cartwright's adopted colony came with the outbreak of the War of 1812. As a militia officer, he was active as early as 1807 in inspiring Upper Canadians to resist the anticipated American invasion. He viewed the war – with Britain and Canada aligned against France and the United States – as a cosmic struggle in which Britain represented order and freedom and her opponents the "Horrors of Anarchy" and the "Fetters of Despotism." Upper Canadians, according to Cartwright, should "not shrink from the trial should it occur." Inspired by the pride "that must glow in the Brest of every Man to be numbered among a Nation so renowned as Great Britain," they should show their gratitude and do everything possible to turn back the invader, mindful of the "abuse and degradation" that loyalists especially would suffer at the hands of the Americans. In his "Falkland" articles in the Kingston Gazette, Cartwright showed that he was proud of the achievements of the colonial militia, meagre as they may seem to the critical historian. This pride was also evident in a letter of 1813 in which he discussed the victory at Crysler's Farm: "Notwithstanding General [James] Wilkinson's schemes of conquest . . . the reception he met with at Chryslers farm [from] our little band of Heroes is a foretaste of what he is to expect of his further progress."

The last five years of Cartwright's life were clouded by personal tragedy. He was a kind and loving father and husband, but he was also a patriarch who expected and received devotion and obedience from his wife and eight children. His ambitions for his children were lofty and he carefully planned and guided their careers. He therefore suffered a crushing blow from which he never really recovered when his two eldest sons – James and Richard – died in 1811, only to be followed to the grave by his daughter, Hannah, whom he loved dearly, and his third son, Stephen. Cartwright died himself on 27 July 1815 from what may have been throat cancer. He was only 56.

Despite his personal afflictions, Cartwright had many reasons to regard his life as a successful one. Besides achieving considerable personal wealth and exerting great influence in his community, he had witnessed and participated in the development and maturing of his adopted colony. Five years before his death, Cartwright summarized in a very personal way Upper Canada's accomplishments: "I have been a resident

in this country before there was a human habitation within the limits of what is now the Province of Upper Canada. . . . I have seen this wilderness in the course of a few years, converted into fruitful fields, and covered with comfortable habitations. I see around me thousands, who without any other funds than their personal labour, began to denude the soil of its primaeval forests, in possession of extensive and well cultivated farms. . . . I see this property unincumbered with feudal burdens, undiminished by quit-rents or taxes, guarded by the wisest laws, equally and impartially administered. I see the proprietor himself protected from vexatious arrest or arbitrary imprisonment. I have seen the benevolent intentions of the British Government towards the Colony, exemplified in every measure that could tend to promote its prosperity; and crowned, by imparting to it, its own unrivalled constitution, as far as it was practicable to impart it to a dependent Province. I have seen the foundations laid of institutions and establishments for the promoting of knowledge, and diffusing religious instruction, which however weak and humble in their present state, will 'grow with our growth, and strengthen with our strength.'''

Not only had Upper Canada grown and prospered, but the loyalists had repaid the "paternal care" of their sovereign, for their settlement "in this remote corner of his Empire, has been crowned with such complete success." Looking back over these achievements, Cartwright concluded that "this is a scene on which the benevolent mind must dwell with peculiar complacency." Richard Cartwright in 1810 was evidently very much at peace with himself about the wisdom of his 1777 decision. And so would be his wife and the four children – Mary Magdalen, Thomas Robison, Robert David, and John Solomon* – who survived him. Mary had married Captain Alexander Thomas Dobbs of the Royal Navy in 1814; Thomas would die at the age of 27 in 1826, a year before his mother's death. Robert became an Anglican minister and the father of Sir Richard John Cartwright*, and John a distinguished Kingston lawyer and politician.

George Rawlyk and Janice Potter

The Kingston Daily News (Kingston, Ontario), 22 MAY 1899

The Cartwright Family More Than A Century Prominent in Canada

Of English Origin, Early Established in Canada - The first Richard, and His Son, the Hon. Richard - The Last and Present Generation

Napanee Beaver, May 19

Perhaps there is not another family in the entire Bay of Quinte district that has been more intimately associated with the history, business and public affairs from its earliest settlement until now than the Cartwrights. They were among the pioneer U.E. Loyalists who came to Upper Canada at its first settlement; they have continued to be residents ever since, and now the fifth generation have become adult men and women and some members of the sixth generation have been born. We do not pretend to be familiar with their family history, but there are some of the leading facts here gathered which may prove of interest to many readers. There is in the church yard of St. Paul's, at Kingston, a burial plot for the Cartwright family, in which a white marble monument containing the names of about twelve members of the first three families, and a part of the facts and dates here given are derived from that source.

The First Richard.

"In memory of Richard Cartwright, born in London, October 18th, 1720. And his wife, Joana, March 9th, 1726. Died at Kingston and interred in this enclosure."

That is about all we have learned of the history of that venerable pair, who were the head of the large and well-known Cartwright family in Canada to which reference is now being made. They were, we believe, residents of Albany, New York, or of that locality at the tome of the American Revolution, and probably had their property and business confiscated along with the others who remained loyal to the British flag. He must have been a man about 65 years of age when they came to Canada, with other children he may have had besides his son Richard we know not.

The Hon. Richard

The Hon. Richard, son of the above, played a very prominent part in the affairs of this Province, both as a business man and in its public affairs. He was born at Albany, on the 2nd of February, 1759, and must, therefore have been a man past twenty-five years of age when he reached Canada. It is said he was first in business at Niagara, in partnership with Robert Hamilton, who also became afterwards an "Honourable and a leading man in the public affairs of this Province. In about 1790 he settled in Kingston where he entered into business on his own account, in which he appears to have been remarkably successful. He became a merchant and a forwarder, and an extensive land and mill owner as well as a leading man in public affairs. He was one of the earliest Magistrates in this district, and in that [capacity] had the authority of a County Judge of to-day. He was appointed by Governor Simcoe a member of the First Legislative Council of Upper Canada, and occupied that position until the time of his death. He was also a prominent officer in the militia, which was then considered a position of much importance and honour. He was also Chairman of the Land Commissioners for this section of the Province, and took a prominent interest in the affairs of the Church of England, to which he appears to have been warmly attached. It is said, too, he took a deep interest in the early educational affairs of the country.

There was granted to him, at an early time, six thousand acres of land from the Crown, a considerable portion of which lay in this immediate locality, including a number of the lots bordering on the river south of Napanee, which have been in the possession of the family ever since. He also early obtained the first Government flour mill erected here in 1785, together with the entire mill privilege and the land on both sides of the river, both above and below the falls. As is [best] known that property has ever since remained in the possession of the family. The land on which the town of Napanee now stands and for some distance in the rear was also his. In this was the foundation was laid for a competent family fortune.

A Business Letter.

There is now in the library of Queen's University, at Kingston, a large book containing the original copies of his early business letters, some of which are now of a considerable historic interest. Among them is the following written to John Grange, then a young mill-wright who had recently come out from Scotland and had been employed my Mr. Cartwright to repair and improve his grist mill here:

"Kingston, 29th May, 1799

"Mr. John Grange,

"Sir, - As it is probably that I may not return from York by the first of July next, when your engagement with me takes place, I have written to Mr. Bryan Crawford to put you in possession of the mills at that time. You

will therefore take them into your charge at that time, and make such repairs as may be wanting, and attend to such business as there may be to be done. According to the tenor of your agreement with me. You will take account of every article that may be [illegible] in or out of the mill and give Mr. Crawford a receipt so the same, should he require it. I shall make a point of being there myself as near the time as possible. I an, etc., Richard Cartwright."

There is also a copy of a letter of a similar purport to Bryan Crawford, who appears to have been the tenant up to that time, and it mentions that Mr. Beasley will be his successor as a tenant of the mill and that Mr. Grange was to take charge of all necessary repairs to the mill, and to the dwelling house of the miller. These dates and the names of these early [inhabitants] may be of value in tracing the early history of this town.

Mr. John Grange, referred to here was the grandfather of our townsmen, John T. and Alex. W. Grange. At the termination of that engagement he purchased on Mr. Cartwright the fame immediately in the rear of [the mill] where he lived and died. He [married] Miss Nancy McKim, of Ernestown, on the 10th of February [illegible] and they reared a large family. Their children, William and Thomas Grange, Mrs. Robert Dennison and Mrs. John Lamphier, though now all dead, are still well remembered in this locality.

Hon. Richard's Family.

Hon Richard Cartwright married Miss Magdalene Secord, who was born at Niagara, May 4th, 1763 and died at Kingston, January 4th, 1827. They had a large family nearly all of whom died early and unmarried. Among their children were:

Mary Magdalene, born February 26th, 1796 and married Capt. Alexander Dobbs, of the Royal Navy; she died January 4th, 1839, and was interred in Kingston. She was very highly spoken of for her benevolence and the tender sympathy of her charity.

James Cartwright, the oldest son, born May 3rd, 1786, and died October 18th, 1811. He was about 25 years of age at the time of his death and was unmarried. In a latter to Bishop Strachan in 1813 his father refers very tenderly to his memory. He says, "His affectionate heart and honourable principles would have well supplied my place (in the family), but it has pleased God to order otherwise."

Richard Cartwright, born December 24th, 1787 and died at Charleston, South Carolina, May 4th, 1811, aged 23 years. I will be seen that the parents were bereft of their two oldest sons in the same year, both in the very bloom od their manhood.

Hannah Cartwright, born December 28th, 1792, and died at 20 years of age, unmarried. Thomas Robinson Cartwright, born January 13, 1799, and married Miss Fisher, a daughter of Judge Alexander Fisher, of Adolphustown. In the old town meeting records of Adolphustown it is recorded that Thomas Cartwright was appointed a churchwarden there on the 3rd of January, 1825. It was probably he, though there appears to have been no other record of his having been a resident of that township. He died Jun3 2nd, 1926 in the 27th year of his age.

Stephen Heny Cartwright, born January 24th, 1801, died aged 13 years. John Solomon and Robert David, twin brothers, born September 14, 1804, to whom a more extended reference will be made.

The Twin Brothers

Few men of a generation back are still so well and kindly remembered in these counties, and particularly in this locality as the late John Solomon Cartwright. He was a practicising lawyer at Kingston foe years, and Judge of the Midland District Court for some years before his death. He represented Lennox and Addington in the old Parliament of Upper Canada for nearly a dozen years, defeating Marchall Bidwell in the election of 1831 and retaining that position until he was compelled to resign in 1844 in consequence of his declining health. He died of consumption in Kingston on the 5th of January, 1845. He built the first Church of England here at Napanee and presented it, free of cost, to the congregation, together with the burying ground and a large lot of land for the parsonage. He had also arranged to erect a family vault here for their last resting place was cut off before his plans had been consummated. He married Miss Sarah Hayter Macaulay, a sister of the late Chief Justice, Sir James Macaulay, who survived him over twenty years, dying in 1866.

Their sons are John R. Cartwright, now Deputy Attorney General at Toronto, a position which he has held for several years, and James S. Cartwright, now Registrar of the Court of Appeals at Toronto. Both these gentlemen, it will be remembered, were residents of Napanee about 25 years ago and still have large landed property interests here. Mrs. (Rev. Archdeacon) J. Bedford-Jones, now of Brockville, a daughter of his, was also a resident here for years and is very kindly remembered, especially by the members of the Church of England here.

Rev. Robert David Cartwright

The twin brother, never came so much in contact with the people of this county, though very kindly remembered by all who knew him at Kingston, where all his active life was spent. He married Miss Harriet Dobbs, a niece of the Capt. Dobbe already referred to, and a sister, we believe, of the venerable Rev. Mr. Dobbs, of Portsmouth, now one of the oldest and most respected Church of England ministers in this Province. Two of their children died young. Their only daughter, Mary Jane, married Major-General Jamieson, C.B., Director General of the British Army Medical Department. Their other sons are the Rev. Conway E. Cartwright, now the well-known Protestant Chaplain of the Kingston Penitentiary, a position which he has held for the past quarter of a century, and the Hon. Sir Richard John Cartwright, M.P., and now the Hon. Minister of Trade and Commerce in the present Dominion Government. As he is now so well known not only in these counties but all over the Dominion of Canada, no more need be said respecting him.

The Rev. Robert David Cartwright was carefully educated, along with his twin brother, in England, He was a graduate of Queen's College, Oxford, England, and was for twelve years the assistant minister of St. George's church at Kingston. St. Paul's church in that city, of which our former townsman, the Rev. W.B. Carey is the rector, was erected to his memory.

Bishop Strachan's Tribute

Bishop Strachan, the first Anglican Bishop in this Province was an intimate friend of the Cartwright family. After the death of the Hon. Richard, and soon after his twin sons had passed away, he wrote as follows:

"Mr. Cartwright was a gentleman of cultivated mind and superior abilities, with sterling integrity of character and decided piety. His death was a serious loss to the Province, and not less so to the church of which was a decided member. Of those he left behind him, two at least are not likely to be forgotten in Canada - his twin sons, John Solomon and Robert David. Both were most estimable men; the former an

honest and able member of the Bar of Upper Canada, and the latter one of its most exemplary and zealous clergymen. There was something peculiarly winning in the character of these men; guileless as children, full of innocent play and vivacity, with a fund of information and anecdote which always gave an interest and charm to their conversation. To both the beat opportunities for acquiring a finished education had been afforded. The former completed his studies at Lincoln's Inn in London; and the latter want through a full curriculum at Oxford, obtaining there his degree with second class in Classics and first in Mathematics. Both died comparatively young - Robert in the Spring of 1843 and John in January 1845. The attachment between these brothers was something unusually strong, each being, as it were a part of the other's self. In life they were rarely separated; and in death they were not long divided."

He married **Magdalen Secord** #212535,⁵ b. 04 May 1763 in Niagara, Ontario,⁴ (daughter of **James (Jacques) Secord** #274303 [Lieutenant, Indian Department] and **Madelaine Elias Badeau** #274304), d. 24 January 1827 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁵ buried in St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

Magdalen:

Possibly d/o Stephen SECORD and Ann DE FOREST?

Children:

- 10. i. James Cartwright #212544 b. 03 May 1786.
- 11. ii. Richard Cartwright #212545 b. 24 December 1787.
- 12. iii. Hannah Cartwright #212542 b. 28 December 1792.
- 13. iv. Mary Magdalen Cartwright #212540 b. 26 February 1796.
- 14. v. Thomas Robinson (Robison) Cartwright #212538 b. 13 January 1799.
- 15. vi. **Stephen Henry Cartwright** #212543 b. 24 January 1801.
- 16. vii. Robert David Cartwright #212536 b. 17 September 1804.
- 17. viii. John Solomon Cartwright #212513 b. 17 September 1804.

Generation Four

- James Cartwright #212544, b. 03 May 1786 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Upper Canada,⁵ baptized 09 January 1785? in St. George's, Kingston, Frontenac County, Upper Canada,⁶ never married, occupation 06 July 1808 Called to the Bar in Kingston, d. 1811 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁴ buried 10/18 October 1811 in Lower Burial Ground (St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard), Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁴.
- Richard Cartwright #212545, b. 24 December 1787 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{5,7} never married, d. 04 May 1811 in Charleston, South Carolina, USA,⁷ buried in St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

 Hannah Cartwright #212542, b. 28 December 1792 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁷ baptized 03 February 1793 in St. George's, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁶ never married, d. 21 December 1812? in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁵ buried in St. Paul's Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

** Verify death ** some genealogies suggest 04 JAN 1849 in Kingston...

 Mary Magdalen Cartwright #212540, b. 26 February 1796 in Kingston?, Frontenac County, Ontario, baptized 24 April 1796 in St. George's Church, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, d. 04 January 1839 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, buried in St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

(only daughter).

She married **Alexander Thomas Dobbs** #212541, 17/18 February 1814 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{5,8} b. c. 1784 in Dublin, Ireland (son of **Conway Edward Dobbs** #213802 and **Maria Sophia Dobbs** #213803), occupation Commander, Royal Navy, occupation 04 June 1815 Companion of the Order of the Bath, d. 12 October 1827 in Milan, Lombardy, Italy.⁹

Alexander:

https://stalkingdeadpeople.blogspot.com/2020/10/alexander-dobbs.html

"Dobbs died at Milan, Lombardy in 1827. His will, dated, 15 Feb 1827 and proved 8 Aug 1828, shows that at the time of his death he was on half-pay, owned property in Canada, and was "late of Torquay in the County of Devon."

"Mary Cartwright likely returned to Kingston after Alexander's death where she died on 4 Jan 1839. Alexander and Mary had no children."

14. Thomas Robinson (Robison) Cartwright #212538, b. 13 January 1799 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{4,9} baptized 12 March 1799 in St. George's Church, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,¹ d. 02/26? June 1826 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{4,9} buried in Lower Burial Ground (St. Paul's Anglican), Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁴.

No children?

He married **Anne Fisher** #212539, 29 January 1821 in Kingston?,⁵ b. c. 1803 in Adolphustown, Lennox County, Ontario (daughter of **Alexander Fisher** #211085 [Judge in the Midland District of Ontario] and **Henrietta McDonnell** #211086), d. 03 November 1884 in St. Helier, Jersey, Channel Islands.

15. Stephen Henry Cartwright #212543, b. 24 January 1801 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁵ baptized 01 March 1801 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,¹ never married, d. 20 June 1814 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{5,10} buried in St. Paul's Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Upper Canada.⁴.

16. Robert David Cartwright #212536, b. 17 September 1804 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁵ baptized 04 November 1804 in St. George's Church, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁶ occupation 1831 - 1843 Assistant Minister, St. George's, Kingston, occupation Chaplain to the Kingston Penitentiary, d. 24 May 1843 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁴ buried in St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁴.

1833: The Cartwright House, (191 King Street East) built in 1832-33 and owned by Robert David Cartwright (grandson to Richard Cartwright, who was a member of the Legislative Council). Robert and his bride Harriet Dobbs of Dublin, Ireland moved to their new house in 1833; five children were born to them.

He married **Harriet Dobbs** #212537, 21 November 1832 in St. Thomas' Church, Dublin, Ireland,¹¹ b. 27 August 1808 in Dublin, Ireland (daughter of **Conway Edward Dobbs** #213802 and **Maria Sophia Dobbs** #213803), d. 14 May 1887 in Portsmouth, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{12,13} buried 17 May 1887 in St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁴

Harriet:

Second daughter of Conway E. DOBBS, Summerhill. 1861: Family lived in three storey house in Sydenham Ward, Kingston. 1881: Widowed, lived with son Richard CARTWRIGHT and family in Kingston. 1887: Died at her brother F.W. DOBBS residence.

Children:

- 18. i. Conway Richard Cartwright #213804 b. c. 1834.
- 19. ii. Richard John Cartwright #219944 b. 04 December 1835.
- 20. iii. Robert Dobbs Cartwright #213807 b. c. 1836.
- 21. iv. Francis Cartwright #242563 b. c. 1836.
- 22. v. Conway Edward Cartwright #213806 b. 13 May 1837.
- 23. vi. Mary Jane Cartwright #313689 b. c. 1841.
- 17. John Solomon Cartwright #212513, b. 17 September 1804 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁵ baptized 04 November 1804 in St. George's Church, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁶ occupation 1830 Lawyer in Kingston, occupation 1831 President, Commercial Bank of the Midland District, occupation 1836 1841 Member Provincial Parliament for Lennox and Addington, d. 15 January 1845 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁵ buried in Lower Burial Ground (St. Paul's Churchyard), Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.¹⁴.

Rockwood House on the site of the former Ontario Hospital just west of Portsmouth Harbour was built for Cartwright in 1842 as his country villa. Located on well-treed lands overlooking Lake Ontario, it was designed by George Browne, architect of Kingston City Hall.

After Cartwright's death in 1845, the government acquired the property as a "Criminal Lunatic Asylum," and with another building erected in 1859, the site became the campus of the former Ontario Psychiatric Hospital.

J. Douglas Stewart and Mary Stewart, "CARTWRIGHT, JOHN SOLOMON," in Dictionary of Canadian Biography, vol. 7, University of Toronto/Université Laval, 2003-, accessed September 26, 2024, https://www.biographi.ca/en/bio/cartwright_john_solomon_7E.html.

CARTWRIGHT, JOHN SOLOMON, lawyer, militia officer, author, judge, jp, businessman, politician, farmer, and architectural patron; b. 17 Sept. 1804 in Kingston, Upper Canada, son of Richard Cartwright* and Magdalen Secord; m. 11 Jan. 1831 in York (Toronto) Sarah Hayter Macaulay, a daughter of Dr James Macaulay*, and they had three sons and four daughters; d. 15 Jan. 1845 at Rockwood, his estate near Kingston.

From his father, who died when he was barely ten, John Solomon Cartwright inherited a fortune of about £10,000 and a position of power and influence. Yet there was a darker side to his inheritance. Four older brothers and a sister died in their teens or twenties, and another sister and brother also predeceased him. The cause of many of these early deaths was the disease which was also to kill John himself in his 41st year – pulmonary consumption.

Cartwright was educated in the Midland District Grammar School at Kingston, and in 1820 he went to York to enter the law office of John Beverley Robinson*, attorney general of Upper Canada. He was admitted to the Law Society of Upper Canada as a student in the Michaelmas term and was called to the bar in the same term, 1825. He may have returned to live at Kingston in the summer of 1822, when he was gazetted an ensign in the 1st Regiment of Frontenac militia. It is only in September 1826 however that the first newspaper account of him as counsel in court appears. In August that year he was noted as secretary of the Cataraqui Bridge Company committee. In January 1827 Cartwright's mother died, and he was thus free of immediate family ties in Kingston. He decided to continue his legal studies in England, at Lincoln's Inn, London. There he would be in easy reach of his twin brother, Robert David, who was studying for the ministry at Oxford.

Cartwright kept a journal of his trip, at least for the first months. It shows he had developed a strong and personal visual sense in his response to natural scenery and, to a lesser extent, buildings, though at times both also appealed to him for their literary or historical associations. Other qualities stand out as well: a fairness of judgement and an independence of mind. Although he had been brought up in the United Empire Loyalist tradition, he apparently bore no grudge against the Americans. On his way through New York State he stopped at Albany, which his father had left 50 years before because of the revolution, and pondered on the past, yet without a trace of rancour against his father's persecutors. "All his contemporaries," he wrote, "must like him have sunk to rest and may we not hope that they are enjoying happiness in that state where all dissensions are at an end and where all tears shall be wiped from our eyes." His first impressions of London were not favourable. After four days in the English capital Cartwright noted distastefully, "Upon the whole can't say that I admire London." Of the Court of King's Bench he remarked, "Could not perceive that the business was managed with less noise or more regularity than with us." Only when he walked to the West End did he become enthusiastic: "Was very much delighted with the appearance of [Hyde] Park which must be invaluable to the Londoner – can

conceive the delight after being in the noise and smoke of London with which to enjoy in half an hours walk the clear sky and all the delights of the country." Cartwright and his brother spent July and August 1828 touring Switzerland; the following summer they travelled in Scotland.

By the autumn of 1830 Cartwright had returned to Kingston, where he resumed his law practice. His seriousness about his profession is shown by the large sum he was spending on legal books. In England he had probably laid out £250 for a "law library." In 1834 he was appointed a judge of the Midland District Court; he was elected a bencher of the Law Society of Upper Canada in 1835 and in 1838 he was made a qc.

Another activity in which Cartwright became deeply involved was banking. In May 1832 he was elected a director of the newly formed Commercial Bank of the Midland District, and when the directors met they unanimously chose him president. For the next 14 years he presided over the bank's operations. It was apparently the only bank in British North America which did not suspend specie payments during the 1837 rebellions. An aggressive institution, "the bank was by 1844 firmly established as the financial support of the eastern half of Canada West," says historian Maxwell Leroy Magill.

Cartwright also engaged in far-ranging personal business activities. In 1832 he sold a large tract of land outside Hamilton to Allan Napier MacNab*, on which the latter built Dundurn Castle. In the years 1832–33 he was involved, along with John Macaulay*, in a town-planning scheme at Niagara Falls. A grander project was a large development in Montreal, where his chief partner was his great friend James Bell Forsyth*, a Kingston-born merchant who had become a major figure in the timber trade. Their Montreal plan evolved in the years 1842–43; it seems to have collapsed because Forsyth went bankrupt from other commitments. Forsyth was able to survive, but only because Cartwright rescued him.

The land developments in which Cartwright took the most personal interest were those in and around Kingston and in Napanee. He is said to have given the land for every school, public building, and church in the latter town. To his own denomination, the Church of England, he gave not only the land but the church itself, St Mary Magdalene.

Cartwright developed a personal estate at Rockwood (he may have called it Rockhurst), to the west of Kingston as it was then. By the early 1840s his farming operations had become extensive. "Mr. Cartwright has spared no expense," reported the Kingston Chronicle & Gazette of 28 May 1842, "in stocking his well cultivated farm with the best breeds of cattle and sheep," and he won prizes with them at the Frontenac County cattle show in October 1841. But by the spring of 1843 Cartwright decided to give up much of his farm, subdividing it into building lots. The whole area had risen greatly in value because in 1841 Kingston had become the capital of the United Province of Canada and the property was near the governor's residence, Alwington House.

In 1834 Cartwright had entered politics, contesting the seat of Lennox and Addington which was then held by the popular reformers Marshall Spring Bidwell* and Peter Perry*. He came in third. He tried again in July 1836 with another tory, George Hill Detlor, and they beat the reformers soundly, with Cartwright taking 475 votes to Bidwell's 370. From then until his death Cartwright represented the constituency in the assembly. He was an active member. He served on the finance committee, brought in various bills for legal reform, and sat on committees (all from 1837) concerning the Welland Canal, the improvement of the Trent River, and the survey of the Ottawa River; in 1839 he was chairman of a committee to select a site for a lunatic asylum at Kingston. During the period of the rebellion Cartwright was a staunch supporter of the government. He was lieutenant-colonel commanding the 2nd Regiment of Lennox militia and as such was a member of the court martial in November 1838 which tried the so-called Patriots captured at the battle of Windmill Point, including the unfortunate Nils von Schoultz. More cheerful duties were helping to obtain Kingston's act of incorporation as a town, and in March 1838, as chairman of the Court of Quarter Sessions, setting up procedures for the election of a town council. The council unanimously elected him mayor, but he declined. However, he did compose and read the address of the town's citizens to Lord Durham [Lambton] on the occasion of his brief visit of 21 July 1838.

By 1839 there was a widespread feeling in the province that major changes would have to be made in the system of government. When a select committee of the assembly recommended legislative union with Lower Canada, Cartwright proposed a set of resolutions designed to ensure English Canadian domination of any such arrangement. He believed that without these safeguards the British connection would be endangered. The terms of these resolutions, which became known as "the Cartwright conditions," enabled a majority in the assembly to vote for union, on 30 March 1839. They were rejected, however, by the new governor-in-chief, Charles Edward Poulett Thomson (later Lord Sydenham) who demanded, and on 19 Dec. 1839 received, the assembly's unconditional assent to union. Cartwright continued his effort to protect British institutions, and on 13 Jan. 1840 moved an address insisting on certain conditions. It was carried, and Thomson agreed, among other things, that English would be the only official language of record under the union.

Cartwright was prepared to give the new constitutional arrangement a chance and for a time in 1840-41 considered supporting the efforts of William Henry Draper* to form a moderate conservative group. Under the influence of MacNab, Robinson, and others, however, he drew back and instead continued his alignment with the high tories. In the spring of 1842 Sydenham's successor, Sir Charles Bagot, attempted to bring Cartwright into a cabinet he was trying to construct from politicians not associated with Robert Baldwin* and Louis-Hippolyte La Fontaine*. Cartwright was offered the solicitor-general ship but refused it. In a letter of 16 May to Bagot he set forth his reasons. The union appeared to be functioning in an unsatisfactory manner. "I am most anxious that it should be rendered, if possible, productive of every advantage to both sections of the Province," he said. "But I do not see how it can be possible to arrive at this desirable end, without the concert and co-operation of the French Canadians." The gerrymandering of Lower Canadian constituencies by Lord Sydenham had been reprehensible. "I cannot imagine how it could have ever been supposed that harmony could be produced by an act of the grossest injustice." Moreover, he was totally opposed to responsible government. Such a system was incompatible "with our position as a Colony, – particularly in a country where almost universal suffrage prevails, – where the great mass of the people are uneducated, – and where there is but little of that salutary influence which hereditary rank and great wealth exercises in Great Britain." Lastly, and perhaps it was the most important factor, he was unwilling to serve in the same ministry with Francis Hincks*, who "up to the very moment of the outbreak of the rebellion defended the conduct" of Louis-Joseph Papineau* and William Lyon Mackenzie*.

Conservative though he was, Cartwright was not afraid to associate himself with ameliorative measures. In October 1843 he introduced a resolution in the house concerning "Juvenile Houses of Refuge." "No greater benefit could be conferred on the country than by the establishment of institutions where the vagrant and vicious of the juvenile population would be preserved from contact with those influences which are destructive of morality, and by labor and attention to their moral culture, they would become good members of society." "Maudlin sensibility," said Dr William "Tiger" Dunlop; he would whip the children and send them to bed. But others in the assembly, especially Thomas Cushing Aylwin*, solicitor general for Lower Canada, supported the proposal and it was referred to a select committee. When the La Fontaine–Baldwin ministry resigned in November on the issue of responsible government, Cartwright was indignant, not only because he opposed the principle – "humbug," he called it – but because he saw his cherished motion for "Juvenile Houses of Refuge" being abandoned. The idea of reform schools, as they came to be called, was not finally adopted for 15 years.

Cartwright's last political venture was also, temporarily, a failure. In November 1843 the assembly had passed a resolution moving the capital from Kingston to Montreal. Believing that its removal to a non-British part of the union would endanger the continuation of British parliamentary institutions in Canada, on 2 March 1844 he set out for England to present a petition to the queen on behalf of 16,000 Upper Canadians requesting that the capital be retained in their half of the colony. Despite all his attachment to British institutions, however, Cartwright was first and foremost a Canadian, as a later comment by his sister-in-law shows. Unlike his twin brother, she wrote, John "ever had a warm attachment and preference for Canada and though he greatly enjoyed his abode in England and loved and admired the country, yet it never rivalled his native land in his affections."

Even before the trip Cartwright's health was deteriorating. It is a measure of his convictions, and sense of public duty, that he undertook such a journey. By October 1844 he realized that he must leave public life. Governor Sir Charles Theophilus Metcalfe expressed his deep regret. Cartwright had been an adviser of his, albeit an unofficial one, and the governor had undoubtedly hoped to bring him into his cabinet. In a farewell address to his constituents Cartwright alluded to the forthcoming general election. His remarks contained no party rancour. "It is to be desired" he said, "that in the choice of their Representatives, the people of Upper Canada would keep in mind the advice given by Jethro to Moses, and select persons 'fearing God and hating covetousness.' We might then reasonably expect that our unhappy dissensions would be healed, and that we would become a virtuous, and consequently a happy and contented people."

In making John Strachan* a guardian of his children many years before, Richard Cartwright had instructed, "I am particularly anxious that the boys should have such an education as will qualify them for being useful to their friends, their country, and by a taste for literature ensure them an unfailing source of personal employment." John Solomon had clearly fulfilled his father's hopes for him. At his death he received universal praise. The Reverend Saltern Givins lamented, "Surely, Brethren, the society he was permitted to adorn for a time has lost in him no ordinary ornament – the poor and needy no common benefactor." Judge Stafford Frederick Kirkpatrick paid homage on behalf of his colleagues: "To the bar he was indeed a loss not to be replaced . . . beloved and respected by every member." At St George's Church, Kingston, in his funeral sermon, the Reverend Robert Vashon Rogers exclaimed, "A great man has fallen! – great in all that constitutes true greatness."

The only known portrait of Cartwright, painted by William Tinsley in 1842, speaks of an intellectual with scholarly interests. His library contained books on a vast range of subjects – history, literature, the classics, religion, architecture, painting, gardening, botany, optics, geology, and agriculture. It also included a substantial collection of law-books. These Cartwright saw not merely as a personal possession but as a community resource. Some months before his death he advertised in the Chronicle & Gazette asking borrowers to return volumes from his law library because he was selling it. The buyer was the young John A. Macdonald*, to whom it was sold at a great discount, because Cartwright characteristically hoped that it would stay in the area. But Cartwright was not just an intellectual; he was a man of action, as his careers

in business, politics, and the militia show. A devoted Anglican, he was also an energetic freemason and rose to be senior warden of Ancient St John's Lodge No. 3, Kingston. He liked horses and equipages and was steward of the Kingston Races in 1839. He played cards for high stakes and loved elegance and the comforts of life, including good food and wine.

As a Regency "man of taste," Cartwright had a passion for architecture which is still evident in his native town. The choice of a fine architect is not automatic; he might easily have selected lesser men. He began with commissions to Thomas Rogers*, probably the most competent and versatile architect of Upper Canada in the 1820s and 30s. From him he commissioned large town houses for himself and his brother, and likely the Commercial Bank building in Kingston and St Mary Magdalene Church in Napanee. In 1841 George Browne* came to Kingston as government architect. Cartwright recognized the superiority of this younger man, perhaps the most distinguished figure in his profession in Canada in the first half of the century. For Cartwright, Browne produced the villa of Rockwood, a masterpiece of design. Browne's greatest building is the city hall, and Cartwright almost certainly had a hand in helping him gain that commission. He may also have influenced the choice of Browne as a designer for the local branch of the Bank of Montreal and perhaps a house of John A. Macdonald's. Some of the finest of the 19th-century buildings that continue to grace the city of Kingston are thus Cartwright's most visible legacy.

J. Douglas Stewart and Mary Stewart.

He married **Sarah Hayter Macaulay** #212512, 11 January 1831 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁵ b. 03 March 1809 in Quebec,⁷ (daughter of **James MacAulay** #188498 [Surgeon's Mate, Queen's Rangers] and **Elizabeth Tuck Hayter** #188499), d. 24 August 1866 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁷ buried in St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁴

Children:

- 24. i. Richard Cartwright #213792 b. 18 November 1831.
- 25. ii. Mary Magdalen Cartwright #213798 b. c. 1835.
- 26. iii. John Robison Cartwright #213794 b. c. 1842.
- 27. iv. Elizabeth Rachel Cartwright #213795.
- 28. v. Anne Macaulay Cartwright #213796 b. 21 June 1837.
- 29. vi. Sarah Stuart Cartwright #213800 b. 12 December 1838.
- 30. vii. James Strachan Cartwright #213793 b. 20 August 1840.

Generation Five

- 18. Conway Richard Cartwright #213804, b. c. 1834, d. c. 1836.
- 19. **Richard John Cartwright** #219944, b. 04 December 1835 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{15,16} occupation 1877 Federal Minister of Finance, occupation 1878 Privy Councillor, occupation 1881 Member

of Parliament, Kingston, occupation 1897 Knight, G.C.M.G., occupation 1912 Senator in Federal Government, d. 24 September 1912 in Kingston General Hospital, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{16,17} buried in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

Six sons, three daughters...

Family lived at "The Maples." Cartwright's Point, Pittsburgh Township, Kingston, Ontario.

Appleton's Cyclopedia of American Biography, 1600 - 1889

Cartwright, Sir Richard John

Canadian statesman, b. in Kingston, 4 Dec., 1835. He was educated in his native city, and in Trinity college, Dublin, and entered parliament as a conservative in 1863, but in 1870 formally severed his connection with the conservative party. Sir Francis Hincks, minister of finance, brought forward a banking act, which Mr. Cartwright, who was president of the commercial bank in Canada and at the head of other important financial institutions, denounced as calculated to undermine the security of the Canadian banks. He voted against his old party on several questions, but was re-elected in 1872. He then identified himself thoroughly with the reform party, and in 1873 accepted office in Mr. Mackenzie's administration as minister of finance, and was sworn of the privy council. In 1878 he carried and important bill that makes the auditor-general removable only on an address by both houses of parliament, and not, as formerly at the pleasure of the government of the day. At the general election of 1878, when the country adopted the "national policy" (i.e, protection), Mr. Cartwright's free-trade principles brought about his defeat at the polls. A constituency was subsequently found for him in Centre Huron. On 24 May, 1879, he was knighted. Sir Richard is a leader of the liberal party, and a keen critic of the financial policy of his political opponents.

Edmonton Journal (Edmonton, Alberta), 24 SEP 1912

Sir Richard Cartwright Dies Following Operation

Succumbs In Hospital at Kingston, Ont., with Members of Family Gathered About his Bedside - Had Been III but Short Time - was Placed in Care of Physicians Last Thursday.

(Western Associated Press)

Kingston, Ont., Set 24 - Sir Richard Cartwright, who underwent an operation in the Kingston General Hospital last Thursday morning for strangulated hernia, took a bad turn during the night and died at 11:25 o'clock this morning. At 10 o'clock a consultation of doctors decided that his life was rapidly passing away, and they proved to be right. The venerable statesman dropped into unconsciousness prior to his death.

Heart failure was the immediate cause. Lady Cartwright and other members of the family were at his bedside during his last moments. His end was peaceful. The funeral will be private.

Sir Richards's History

--

Right Hon. Sir Richard John Cartwright, P.C., G.C.M.G., created 1897; K.C.M.G., created 1879; senator, exminister of trade and commerce and leader of the senate of Canada, was born at Kingston, Ont., December 14, 1835, the son of R.D. Cartwright, chaplain of the Forces, Kingston, Ont., and Harriet, daughter of Conway Edward Dobbs, of Dublin, Ireland; grandson of Hon. Richard Cartwright, formerly a judge of common pleas in Upper Canada, and afterwards a member of the legislative council of that province.

In 1859 he married Frances, daughter of Colonel Alexander Lawe, of Cork, Ireland, from which union he had six sons and three daughters. He was educated at Trinity College, Dublin; became president of the Commercial Bank of Canada; was president, director, or trustee of several commercial and financial corporations; during its existence was president of the Reform Club. Toronto; was president of the eastern Ontar4io Liberal Association formed in 1897.

Started Conservative

He was elected to the parliament for Old Canada as a Conservative, representing Lennox and Addington, in 1863. And continued to sit for that constituency until 1867, shortly after confederation, when he quarreled with his party on the question of its financial policy, which he considered extravagant.

Bu 1870 the breach was complete, and in 1873 he became finance minister of the Liberal ministry of Hon. Alexander Mackenzie.

His honesty and economy were undoubted, but the latter quality was sometimes pushed to extremes. From 1878 to 1896, he was the chief financial critic on the side of the Liberal opposition, and on the accession of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to power in 1896, became minister of trade and commerce.

In 1898 and 1899 he represented Canada on the Anglo-American joint high commission at Quebec. In 1904 failing health let to his retirement to the senate. He acted in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's absence at the imperial conference in 1907 as acing premier.

He married **Frances Jane Lawe** #219945, 17 August 1859 in Rathcooney, Cork, Ireland,^{15,18} b. 16 December 1837 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario^{*},¹⁵ (daughter of **Alexander Lawe** #219949 [Lieutenant Colonel, British Army] and **Jane Eliza Dobbs** #242579), d. 24 December 1920 in 37 Union Street, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,¹⁹ buried 27 December 1920 in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.¹⁷

Frances:

Surname also appears as "LOEWS."

Death Record shows birthplace of "Berlgheny?" Hill, India.., findagrave shows "Andaman and Nicobar Islands, India."

1881: Census shows birthplace as "East India."

- 31. i. Robert Cartwright #220044 b. 04 November 1860.
- 32. ii. Richard Conway Cartwright #219942 b. 26 September 1862.

- 33. iii. Alexander Dobbs Cartwright #219951 b. 20 September 1864.
- 34. iv. Harriet (Hetty) Elizabeth Cartwright #220038 b. 23 March 1867.
- 35. v. Frances Madeline Cartwright #219954 b. 01 March 1868.
- 36. vi. Mary Josephin Cartwright #220039 b. 28 February 1871.
- 37. vii. Henry Cartwright #220040 b. 10 January 1872.
- 38. viii. Francis Lennox (Frank) Cartwright #220041 b. 27 March 1874.
- 39. ix. Donovan Conway Cartwright #220042 b. 05 April 1876.
- 40. x. Louis (Lewis) Stuart Cartwright #220043 b. 01 March 1878.
- 20. Robert Dobbs Cartwright #213807, b. c. 1836 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, d. c. 1854 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

(no family)

 Francis Cartwright #242563, b. c. 1836 in India,²⁰ d. 16 October 1859 in India,²¹ buried 17 October 1859 in Dum Dum, Bengal, India.²¹.

He married (unidentified) #242564.

22. Conway Edward Cartwright #213806, b. 13 May 1837 in Ontario,^{22,23} occupation Clerk in Holy Orders, occupation 1873 Minister (Church of England) on Amherst Island, occupation 1881 - 1882 Chaplain, Kingston Penitentiary, occupation 1891 Clergyman in Kingston, d. 26 January 1920 in Point Grey, British Columbia, Canada,²⁴ buried 28 January 1920 in Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia.²³.

1881: Family lived in Portsmouth, Frontenac County, Ontario. Enumerated next to Eli BAIDEN, Gardener. 1891: Family lived in Sydenham Ward, Kingston. Family had one servant, Adelaide DEMPSTER, 20, born Ontario.

He married **Marie (Mary) Letitia Johnson** #219955, 03 July 1861 in Derriaghy Church, Ulster, Ireland,^{25,26} b. c. 1838 in Ireland,²² (daughter of **Edward Johnson** #219962 and **(unidentified)** #219963), d. 19 July 1935 in New Westminster, British Columbia, Canada,²⁷ buried in Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.²³

Marie:

1935: Died at home of son-in-law F. Bourchier EMERY in New Westminster.

- 41. i. Conway Edward Cartwright #220108 b. c. 14 October 1863.
- 42. ii. George Strachan Cartwright #220109 b. 29 August 1866.
- 43. iii. Ellen Frances (Harriet, Ellie) Cartwright #220110 b. 13 September 1968.
- 44. iv. Madeline Letitia Cartwright #220111 b. c. 1871.
- 45. v. Maud Maude J. Cartwright #219957 b. c. 1870 1872.
- 46. vi. Josephine Kathleen Cartwright #219972 b. 02 September 1873.
- 47. vii. Isabella Philippa Cartwright #220112 b. 18 December 1875.
- 48. viii. Cosmo Theodore Cartwright #219956 b. 25 March 1882.
- 23. Mary Jane Cartwright #313689, b. c. 1841 in Ontario.

She married James Johnson #313690, 27 October 1864 in Ontario, b. c. 1837 in Ontario.

- 24. **Richard Cartwright** #213792, b. 18 November 1831 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁶ d. 19 August 1932? in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, buried in St. Paul's Anglican Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁴.
- 25. Mary Magdalen Cartwright #213798, b. c. 1835 in Haldimand County, d. 10 October 1900 in John Street, Toronto, York County, Ontario.²⁸.

She married **John D'Arcy Cayley** #213799, 18 June 1861 in Brighton, Sussex, England, b. 15 March 1837 in England (son of **William Cayley** #219986 [Barrister in Toronto] and **Emma Robinson** #219987), occupation Clergyman, occupation 1863 - 1874 Rector of Whitby, d. 20 August 1911 in Medora, Muskoka, Ontario, buried in Saint James Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.²⁹

- 49. i. Edward Cartwright Cayley #220006 b. c. 1864.
- 50. ii. Mary Augusta Cayley #220010 b. 1862.
- 51. iii. Arthur Macaulay Cayley #220011 b. 15 January 1867.
- 52. iv. Cecil Maud Cayley #220012 b. c. 1868.
- 53. v. Emma Madeline Cayley #220013.
- 26. John Robison Cartwright #213794, b. c. 1842 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, occupation Deputy Attorney General for Ontario, d. 10 September 1919 in Toronto, York County, Ontario.
- 27. Elizabeth Rachel Cartwright #213795, d. in infancy.

 Anne Macaulay Cartwright #213796, b. 21 June 1837 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,³⁰ religion Church of England, d. 08 March 1930 in 86 Beverley Street, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,³⁰ buried 11 March 1930 in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.³⁰.

Anne had lived in Kingston for her entire life.

She married **Bowen Van Straubenzee** #213797, b. c. 1829 in Spennithorne, Yorkshire, England,³¹ (son of **Thomas Van Straubenzee** #213812 and **Maria Bowen** #213813), baptized 14 April 1829 in Spennithorne, Yorkshire, England,³² occupation 1871 - 1898 Gentleman in Kingston, religion Church of England, occupation 1891 Militia Staff Officer in Portsmouth, occupation 1878 - 1898 Deputy Adjutant-General of Canada, d. 08 November 1898 in 18 King Street, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,³¹ buried in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.³³

Bowen:

1871 - 1891: Family lived in Portsmouth, Kingston.

Children:

- 54. i. Madeline Emily Louisa Van Straubenzee #213814 b. c. 1860.
- 55. ii. Arthur Hope Van Straubenzee #213815 b. 09 November 1861.
- 56. iii. Bowen William Van Straubenzee #213816 b. 20 October 1864.
- 57. iv. Casimir Cartwright Van Straubenzee #213817 b. 11 November 1867.
- 58. v. Edith Annie Van Straubenzee #213818 b. 20 October 1870.
- 59. vi. Cordelia Lillian Van Straubenzee #213819 b. c. 1874.
- 60. vii. Charles Turner Van Straubenzee #213808 b. 17 June 1876.
- 29. Sarah Stuart Cartwright #213800, b. 12 December 1838 in Toronto, York County, Ontario, d. 26 May 1917 in Toronto, York County, Ontario.

She married **Thomas Bedford Jones** #213801, 25 April 1866.

- 61. i. Alban Cartwright Bedford-Jones #313684 b. 26 February 1867.
- 30. James Strachan Cartwright #213793, b. 20 August 1840,⁶ occupation Lawyer, Osgoode Hall, occupation 1891 Barrister in East York, occupation 1913 Master in Chamber, d. 12 November 1913 in 84 Woodlawn Drive, Toronto, York County, Ontario,³⁴ buried in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.³⁵.

1871: Family lived in Kingston, Ontario.

1881: Family lived in St. Patrick's Ward, Toronto with three servants.

1891: James lived with second wife and family in East York Township, Ontario.

He married (1) **Harriet Anne Cayley** #219981, 07 June 1866 in Toronto, York County, Ontario, b. c. 1841 - 1845 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,³⁶ (daughter of **William Cayley** #219986 [Barrister in Toronto] and **Emma Robinson** #219987), d. 23 December 1889 in Toronto, York County, Ontario, buried in Saint James Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.

Children:

- 62. i. Emma Mildred Cartwright #219980 b. 18 September 1870.
- 63. ii. James S. Cartwright #219988 b. c. 1874.
- 64. iii. Robert John Cartwright #219989 b. 20 March 1879.

He married (2) **Jane Elizabeth Young** #219978, b. 23 April 1861 in England,³⁵ d. 02 February 1947 in Toronto,³⁷ buried 04 February 1947 in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.^{35,37}

Jane:

1933: Informant at step-daughter Mildred's death, lived at 25 Sussex Court, Toronto.

Children:

- 65. iv. Adeline Mary Cartwright #219982 b. c. September 1892.
- 66. v. Helen E. Marjorie Cartwright #219992 b. 25 November 1893.
- 67. vi. John Robert Cartwright #219979 b. 23 March 1895.

Generation Six

 Robert Cartwright #220044, b. 04 November 1860 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,³⁸ occupation 1881 Student in Kingston, occupation 1891 Army Captain in London Ontario, occupation 1920 Army Colonel, d. 27 October 1942 in Summerland, British Columbia, Canada, buried in Saint Peter's Anglican Cemetery, Summerland, British Columbia, Canada.³⁸.

He married **Ivy Maria Russell Davy** #220045, 20 October 1885 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,³⁹ b. 10 February 1861 in Napanee, Lennox and Addington, Ontario,³⁸ (daughter of **Benjamin Canning Davy** #313697 [Barrister in Napanee] and **Ellen Eliza McCoy** #313698), d. 12 May 1940 in Summerland, British Columbia, Canada,³⁸ buried in Saint Peter's Anglican Cemetery, Summerland, British Columbia, Canada.³⁸

- 68. i. Marion Law Cartwright #313692 b. 18 July 1888.
- 69. ii. Vida Lois Cartwright #313693 b. 03 June 1891.
- 32. Richard Conway Cartwright #219942, b. 26 September 1862 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{40,41} occupation 1881 Student in Kingston, occupation 1891 Doctor in Rochester, New York, occupation 1916 1927 Manager, Frontenac Loan Society, occupation 1936 1941 Issuer of Motor Vehicle Licenses in Kingston, d. 19 October 1941 in 152 University Avenue, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁴⁰ buried 21 October 1941 in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁴⁰.

1900: Couple lived at 82 Ambrose Street, Rochester, Monroe County, New York. 1914: Died at Kingston General Hospital, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

He married (1) **Kate Ethel Hora** #219948, 23 September 1891 in St. Mark's Church, Barriefield, Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁴² b. c. 1860 in England (daughter of **Francis Hansord Hora** #219952 [Farmer in Pittsburgh Township] and **Louisa Fawkner** #219953), d. 01 March 1914 in Toronto, York County, Ontario.⁴³

Kate:

1891: Lived in Pittsburgh Township when married. 1915: Estate probated to Edward HOLLEY, Solicitor; Amount GBP 2125.

He married (2) **Florence Mary Henry** #219943, 22 September 1915 in Napanee, Lennox and Addington, Ontario,⁴⁴ (daughter of **Thomas Steele Henry** #219946 [Statesman and Cabinet Minister] and **Bertha Finkle** #219947).

Florence:

1941: Informant at husband's death, lived at 152 University Avenue, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

 Alexander Dobbs Cartwright #219951, b. 20 September 1864 in Portsmouth (Kingston), Frontenac County, Ontario,⁴⁵ occupation 1881 Student in Kingston, occupation 1920 Secretary of the Railway Commission, d. 26 June 1954 in 354 Stewart Street, Ottawa, Ontario,⁴⁵ buried 28 June 1954 in Beechwood Cemetery, Ottawa, Ontario.⁴⁵.

1911 - 1931: Family lived at 354 Stewart Street, Ottawa.

1920: Informant at mother's death, lived in Ottawa.

He married **Ada Elizabeth Seymour Hart** #220046, 27 June 1900 in St. Thomas' Church, Toronto, York County, Ontario.^{45,46}

Children:

70. i. Robert Alexander Cartwright #313691 b. 17 October 1905.

34. Harriet (Hetty) Elizabeth Cartwright #220038, b. 23 March 1867 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, d. after 1949 in Kingston? .

1949 Canada Voters List shows Harries as a patient in St, Mary's of the Lake, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

35. Frances Madeline Cartwright #219954, b. 01 March 1868 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁴⁷ never married, d. 07 March 1930 in 27 Wellington Street, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁴⁷ buried 10 March 1930 in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁴⁷.

1930: Died at the Kinston General Hospital, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

36. Mary Josephin Cartwright #220039, b. 28 February 1871 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, d. 1926.

1911: Lived with brother Conway and family in Vancouver.

 Henry Cartwright #220040, b. 10 January 1872 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, occupation 1899 -1905 Civil Service Clerk in Toronto, religion 1931 Church of England, occupation Publisher of Law Books, Cartwright and Sons, Ltd., d. 21 June 1957 in Toronto, York County, Ontario.⁴⁸.

1921 - 1931: Family lived at 3 Pawnee Avenue, Toronto, York County, Ontario.

He married **Katherine Naomi Hope** #220047, 26 June 1899 in Toronto. York County, Ontario,⁴⁹ b. 17 December 1876 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁵⁰ (daughter of **William Hope** #220051 [Land Agent in Toronto] and **Marianne Elizabeth Flemyng** #220052), religion 1931 Church of England.

Katherine:

Katherine was a grand-niece of William ARMSTRON of the Priory.

- 71. i. Frances Naomi Cartwright #220059 b. 26 September 1900.
- 72. ii. Richard Louis Cartwright #220054 b. 14 April 1902.
- 73. iii. Henry Lennox Cartwright #220053 b. 09 June 1905.
- 74. iv. William Bovell Cartwright #220060 b. 31 August 1908.
- 75. v. Elizabeth Berdee (Betty) Cartwright #220058 b. 18 June 1910.
- 76. vi. Katherine Madeline (Madge) Cartwright #220061 b. 26 November 1912.

38. Francis Lennox (Frank) Cartwright #220041, b. 27 March 1874 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, occupation Lieutenant Colonel, Army, occupation 1896 -1901 North West Mounted Police, Yukon and NWT, occupation 1899 - 1902 South African War, Lord Strathcona's Horse, d. 4Q 1957 in Chichester, Surrey, England,⁵¹ buried in St. Mary Magdalene Churchyard, South Holmwood, Surrey, England.⁵².

Fifth son.

1911: Couple lived at 257 River Avenue, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

The Ottawa Citizen (Ottawa, Ontario) 10 DEC 1957

Col. Cartwright Dies in England

Toronto (CP) - Lt. -Col Frank L. Cartwright, 83, a son of the late Sir Richard Cartwright, minister of trade in the Laurier government, died in England last week, it was learned here Monday.

Born in Kingston, Col. Cartwright joined the North West Mounted Police, serving as an inspector with the Yukon detachment during the Klondike gold rush.

He served as a lieutenant in Lor Strathcona's Horse Regiment in the Boer War and in the First World War. After the war he served with the Allied Siberian expeditionary force in Vladivostok.

Col. Cartwright retired in 1920 and settled in England.

He married **Ada Marion Carlos Perkins** #220048, 16 April 1901 in St. Mary, Holmwood, Surrey, England,^{53,54} b. 2Q 1870 in Kensington, Chelsea, London, England,⁵⁵ (daughter of **Augustus Frederick Perkins** #220049 [Brewer in Esher] and **Cecilia Marion Clarke** #220050), baptized 21 August 1870 in Esher St. George, Surrey, England,⁵⁶ d. 29 May 1954 in Chichester, West Sussex, England,⁵² buried in St. Mary Magdalene Churchyard, South Holmwood, Surrey, England.⁵²

Donovan Conway Cartwright #220042, b. 05 April 1876 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁵⁷ occupation Medical Doctor in British Columbia, d. 13 March 1952 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada,²³ buried in Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.²³.

1911: Family lived in Vancouver, British Columbia.Sister Mary J. CARTWRIGHT lived with the family.1931: Lodged at 1175 Haro Street, Vancouver... shown as married. Boarding house run by Marie Adeline WARD.

The Province (Vancouver, British Columbia) 27 MAR 1952

Dr. Conway Cartwright Funeral Held Saturday

Funeral for Dr. Conway Cartwright, 74, prominent B.C. physician and well-known sportsman, was held Saturday at Center and Hanna chapel. Rev. F.A. Ramsey conducted the service.

Born in Kingston, Ont., youngest son of Sir Richard Cartwright, minister of trade and commerce in the Laurier government, Dr. Cartwright graduated from Queen's University and McGill. He took a post-graduate course in Dublin.

In B.C. since 1905, he practiced in the interior before moving to Vancouver. After overseas service with the Fourth Field Ambulance Corps in World War I he resumed his practice here and later joined the immigration department of pensions and national health. He retired in 1946.

Dr. Cartwright was a member of the Ypres League, the Elysium Club and spent much time hunting and fishing in the interior.

He is survived by his wife, at home; a daughter, Mrs. H.G. James and four grandchildren in the U.S.; three brothers, Alex, Ottawa; Henry, Toronto; Lt. Col. Frank in England and a sister Hetty in Kingston.

His only son, Squadron Leader Richard Cartwright, was killed on active service in India.

Cremation followed the service and burial rites were at the Soldiers' Plot.

He married **Annie Dora Crawford** #242569, 20 January 1910 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada,⁵⁸ b. 04 August 1881 in Comox, British Columbia, Canada,²³ (daughter of **Andrew Byron Crawford** #242570 and **Lucinda Lyttle** #242571), d. 17 December 1963 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada,²³ buried in Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.²³

Children:

- 77. i. Louis Richard Conway Cartwright #242572 b. 14 January 1911.
- 78. ii. Margaret Pauline (Peggy) Cartwright #242573 b. 14 November 1912.
- Louis (Lewis) Stuart Cartwright #220043, b. 01 March 1878 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁵⁹ occupation 1896 Clerk, Bank of Montreal in Lindsay, religion 1896 Church of England, d. 11 October 1896 in Lindsay, Victoria County, Ontario,^{60,61} buried in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.
- 41. **Conway Edward Cartwright** #220108, b. c. 14 October 1863 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,²² d. 04 July 1938 in Vancouver, British Columbia,²³ buried in Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia.²³

He married **Mary Elizabeth Harvey** #274370, b. 10 January 1853 in England,²³ d. 21 August 1937 in Vancouver, British Columbia,²³ buried in Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia.²³

42. **George Strachan Cartwright** #220109, b. 29 August 1866 in Ontario,^{22,62} occupation Brigadier General, Canadian Army, d. 15 January 1959 in Haldimand County, Ontario,⁶² buried in Riverside Cemetery, Cayuga, Haldimand County, Ontario.⁶². He married **Kate Mary Stevenson** #274371, b. 24 May 1872,⁶² d. 22 April 1943 in Haldimand County,⁶² buried in Riverside Cemetery, Cayuga, Haldimand County, Ontario.⁶²

Children:

79. i. George Stevenson Cartwright #274372 b. 05 June 1908.

43. Ellen Frances (Harriet, Ellie) Cartwright #220110, b. 13 September 1968 in Ontario,^{22,63} d. 03 December 1940 in New Westminster, British Columbia, Canada,⁶³ buried in Ocean View Burial Park, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada.⁶³.

1891: Lived with family in Kingston, unmarried.

She married **Frank Bouchier Emery** #220116, 27 October 1900 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada,⁶⁴ b. 26 March 1868 in Pakenham, Lanark County, Ontario,⁶³ (son of **E.P. Emery** #220118 [Minister in in Kemptville] and **(unidentified)** #220119), occupation 1901 Purser in Manitoba, d. 18 November 1936 in New Westminster, British Columbia, Canada,^{65,63} buried in Ocean View Burial Park, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada.⁶³

Frank:

(Only son) 1938: Family lived in Vancouver, British Columbia.

Children:

- 80. i. Gertrude Bouchier Emery #220117 b. 05 December 1901.
- 81. ii. **(unidentified) Emery** #220120.
- 82. iii. Philip Bouchier Emery #220122.
- 44. Madeline Letitia Cartwright #220111, b. c. 1871 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,²² d. 30 April 1963 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁶⁶ buried 03 May 1963 in Beechwood Cemetery, Ottawa, Carleton County, Ontario.⁶⁶.

She married **Arthur John Matheson** #220113, 07 June 1899 in Portsmouth, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁶⁷ b. 17 March 1870 in Ontario/Scotland^{*},⁶⁸ (son of **Marshal W. Matheson** #220114 and **Annie Frances Emery** #220115), occupation 1899 Civil Engineer in Cassader, Quebec, occupation 1943 Hydraulic Engineer in Civil Service, d. 03 July 1943 in 626 Church Street, Toronto, York County, Ontario, buried 04 July 1943 in Beechwood Cemetery, Ottawa, Carleton County, Ontario.

Arthur:

* Death record shows birthplace of "Scotland,".

83. i. (unidentified) Matheson #274363.

84. ii. Alan Matheson #274365.

45. **Maud Maude J. Cartwright** #219957, b. c. 1870 - 1872 in Canada,²² d. 18 February 1936 in Glenarm, Oldham county, Kentucky, USA,⁶⁹ buried in Confederate Cemetery, Pewee Valley, Oldhame County, Kentucky, USA.⁶⁹.

1907: Lived in Portsmouth, Frontenac County when married.

She married **John Joseph Telford** #219958, 30 December 1901 in Portsmouth, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁷⁰ b. c. 1857 in United States of America (son of **David Telford** #219960 and **Mary J. Ray** #219961), occupation 1907 Clerk in Louisville, Kentucky.

- 46. Josephine Kathleen Cartwright #219972, b. 02 September 1873 in Amherst Island, Lennox County, Ontario,^{71,22,72} d. 04 January 1882 in Portsmouth, Frontenac County, Ontario.⁷¹.
- Isabella Philippa Cartwright #220112, b. 18 December 1875 in Portsmouth, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{22,73} d. 30 August 1947 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, buried in Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.²³.

She married **Richard Henry Hancock Alexander** #220123, b. 16 November 1868 (son of **Richard Henry Alexander** #220124 and **Emma Helen Talmadge** #220125), d. 12 July 1928 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, buried in Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, occupation Secretary, British Columbia Lumber and Shingle Manufacturers.

Richard:

1938: Family lived in Vancouver, British Columbia.

- 48. Cosmo Theodore Cartwright #219956, b. 25 March 1882 in Portsmouth, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{74,75} never married, occupation 1914 Mining Engineer, d. 26 October 1914 in Mowat Memorial Hospital, Portsmouth, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁷⁴ buried 30 October 1914 in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County.^{74,76}.
- 49. Edward Cartwright Cayley #220006, b. c. 1864 in Whitby, Ontario, occupation 1895 Clerk in Holy Orders, Toronto, religion 1895 Church of England, d. before 1921.

He married **Georgina Alice Broughall** #220007, 25 September 1895 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁷⁷ b. c. 1873 in Toronto, York County, Ontario (daughter of **Abraham James Broughall** #220008 and **Georgina Harriet (unidentified)** #220009), religion 1895 Church of England.

Georgina:

1921: Widowed, lived with children at 12 Edgevale, Toronto.

Children:

85. i. Margaret Cayley #220020 b. c. 1897.

- 86. ii. Arthur B. Cayley #220019 b. c. 1899.
- 87. iii. Hugh Cartwright Cayley #220014 b. 03 July 1901.
- 88. iv. **Sylvia Cayley** #220021 b. c. 1908.
- 89. v. **Ray Cayley** #220022 b. c. 1911.
- 50. Mary Augusta Cayley #220010, b. 1862 in England, d. 1926.
- 51. Arthur Macaulay Cayley #220011, b. 15 January 1867, d. November 1910.
- 52. Cecil Maud Cayley #220012, b. c. 1868, d. 17 September 1916.
- 53. Emma Madeline Cayley #220013, d. 03 March 1940.
- 54. **Madeline Emily Louisa Van Straubenzee** #213814, b. c. 1860 in China,⁷⁸ never married, d. 1962 in Kingston?,³³ buried in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.³³.

1891: Lived at home, unmarried.

55. Arthur Hope Van Straubenzee #213815, b. 09 November 1861 in Sandsgate, Kent, England,^{78,79} occupation 1901 Major, Royal Engineers at St. Mary Barracks, Gillingham, occupation 1911 Colonel, Royal Artillery, occupation 1939 Colonel, British Army (retired), d. 16 January 1946 in Northvale Lodge, Redhill, Surrey, England,⁸⁰ buried in Redstone Cemetery, Redhill, Reigate, Surrey, England.⁸⁰.

1901: Family lived at the St. Mary Barracks, Gillingham, Kent, England. Beatrice Mabel WOOD, 31, was a Governess for the family, and three servants were employed at the Barracks' residence. 1911: Family lived at 2 Spencer Road East, Southsea, Portsmouth, England.. Threes resident servants. 1936: Family lived at 24 Linkfield Lane, Reigate, Surrey. 1939: Family lived at North Vale Lodge, Reigate, Surrey. Estate of GBP 5368/18/4.

He married **Mary Helen Rosher** #219993, 17 July 1887 in Strood, Kent, England,⁸¹ b. 01 September 1865 in Pancras, London, England,^{79,82} (daughter of **Frederick Rosher** #286453 [Lime and Cement Manufacturer in St. Pancras] and **Mary S. (unidentified)** #286454), d. 21 January 1967 in 86 Blackborough Road, Reigate, Surrey, England,⁸⁰ buried in Redstone Cemetery, Redhill, Reigate, Surrey, England.⁸⁰

Mary:

Estate probated at GBP 1408/.

- 90. i. Evelyn Mary Van Straubenzee #220002 b. 27 April 1888.
- 91. ii. Constance Annie Van Straubenzee #219996 b. 06 November 1889.
- 92. iii. Arthur Bowen Van Straubenzee #286452 b. c. 1892.

- 93. iv. Margaret Eleanor Van Straubenzee #220004 b. 2Q 1896.
- 94. v. Joyce Hope Van Straubenzee #219995 b. 4Q 1901.
- 95. vi. Philip William Casimir Van Straubenzee #219994 b. c. 1906.
- Bowen William Van Straubenzee #213816, b. 20 October 1864 in Mauritius,⁷⁸ d. 14 January 1958 in Somerset, England.

He married Eleanor Grinnell #219997, 2Q. 1903 in Farnham, Surrey, England.

- 57. **Casimir Cartwright Van Straubenzee** #213817, b. 11 November 1867 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁷⁸ occupation Governor of Singapore, d. 28 March 1956 in Bath, Somerset. England.
- 58. Edith Annie Van Straubenzee #213818, b. 20 October 1870 in Portsmouth, Kingston Township, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{78,83} d. 1973,³³ buried in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.³³.

1891: Lived at home, unmarried. 1935: Lived with sisters Mildred and Cordelia at 86 Beverly Street, Kingston.,

59. **Cordelia Lillian Van Straubenzee** #213819, b. c. 1874 in Portsmouth?,⁸⁴ d. 1957 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,³³ buried in Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.³³.

1901: Visiting brother Arthur at the St. Mary Barracks, Gillingham, Kent at time of the census.

60. **Charles Turner Van Straubenzee** #213808, b. 17 June 1876 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario, occupation 1907 Captain, Canadian Regulars in Toronto, d. 09 October 1918 in World War One, France, buried in Premont British Cemetery, Picardie, France.

He married **Essy May Case** #213809, 05 June 1907 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁸⁵ b. 29 January 1883 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁸⁶ (daughter of **George Allen Case** #213810 [Accountant in Toronto] and **May (Mary) Elizabeth Squires** #213811), d. 07 November 1946 in 148 Balmoral Avenue, Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁸⁶ buried 09 November 1946 in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.⁸⁶

Children:

- 96. i. Casimir Bowen Van Straubenzee #219999 b. 29 February 1908.
- Alban Cartwright Bedford-Jones #313684, b. 26 February 1867 in Ottawa,⁸⁷ occupation 1904 Barrister in Brockville, religion 1904 Church of England, d. 30 October 1945,⁸⁷ buried in Old St. Peter's Cemetery, Brockville, Leeds and Grenville, Ontario.⁸⁷.

He married **Elsie Jones** #313685, 02 June 1904 in Brockville, Leeds and Grenville, Ontario,⁸⁸ b. 04/09 July 1865 in Brockville, Leeds and Grenville, Ontario,⁸⁷ (daughter of **Chilton Jones** #313686 and **Eliza Harvey**

#313687), religion 1904 Church of England, d. 03 July 1956 in Franklands, Brockville, Leeds and Grenville, Ontario,¹³ buried in Old St. Peter's Cemetery, Brockville, Leeds and Grenville, Ontario.⁸⁷

Elsie:

1911: Married, but lived with daughter Gwynneth at home of widowed father in Brockville.

Children:

97. i. **Gwynneth Bedford-Jones** #313688 b. c. August 1904.

62. Emma Mildred Cartwright #219980, b. 18 September 1870 in Napanee, Lennox and Addington, Ontario,³⁵ never married, occupation 1933 Lady in Toronto, d. 05 June 1933 in Wellesley Hospital, Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁸⁹ buried 07 June 1933 in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.³⁵.

1933: Usual residence at death: 45 Tranby Avenue, Toronto, York County, Ontario.

- 63. James S. Cartwright #219988, b. c. 1874 in Toronto, York County, Ontario.⁹⁰.
- 64. **Robert John Cartwright** #219989, b. 20 March 1879 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,^{90,91} d. 30 January 1895 in Toronto, York County, Ontario.⁹².
- 65. Adeline Mary Cartwright #219982, b. c. September 1892 in Toronto, York County, Ontario.

1941: Informant at husband's death, lived at 47 Castlefield Avenue, Toronto.

She married **George William Uniacke Bayly** #219983, 03 November 1915 in St. Simon's Church, Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁹³ b. c. 1886 in Mysore, India (son of **George Henry Bayly** #219984 and **Emma Louisa Tolens?** #219985), occupation 1915 Soldier in Toronto, occupation 1921 Farmer in Peel County, occupation 1941 Forester, Ontario Forestry Board, d. 20 August 1941 in 47 Castlefield Avenue, Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁹⁴ buried 22 August 1941 in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.⁹⁴

George:

1921: Family lived at 158 Middle Road, Peel, York County, Ontario.

- 98. i. **May Bayley** #219991 b. c. 1916.
- 99. ii. George (Terk) Bayly #219990 b. c. 1918.
- 100. iii. James Cartwright Uniacke Bayly #220092 b. c. 1922.
- 101. iv. Darby Bayly #220099.

66. Helen E. Marjorie Cartwright #219992, b. 25 November 1893 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,^{95,96} religion 1917 Church of England, d. 1979 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁹⁷ buried in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.⁹⁷.

She married **Gordon McIntyre Dale** #220126, 05 December 1917 in Toronto. York County, Ontario,⁹⁸ b. c. 1891 in Mount Pleasant, Ontario (son of **John A. Dale** #220127 and **Eva McIntyre** #220128), religion 1917 Methodist, occupation 1917 Captain, R.A.M., d. 1978 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,⁹⁷ buried in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.⁹⁷

67. John Robert Cartwright #219979, b. 23 March 1895 in Toronto, York County, Ontario, d. 24 November 1979.

Generation Seven

- 68. **Marion Law Cartwright** #313692, b. 18 July 1888 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,³⁸ d. 22 March 1962 in Summerland, British Columbia, Canada,³⁸ buried in Saint Peter's Anglican Cemetery, Summerland, British Columbia, Canada.³⁸.
- 69. Vida Lois Cartwright #313693, b. 03 June 1891 in London, Middlesex County, Ontario,^{99,100} d. 01 September 1981 in Alameda County, California, USA,⁹⁹ buried in Alamo Cemetery, Alamo, Contra Costa County, California, USA.⁹⁹.

She married **Otto Fischer Zimmerman** #313694, 20 October 1885, b. 14 May 1882 in Hamilton, Wentworth County, Onntario,⁹⁹ d. 14 September 1941 in Alameda County, California, USA,⁹⁹ buried in Alamo Cemetery, Alamo, Contra Costa County, California, USA.⁹⁹

Children:

102. i. Audrey Cartwright Zimmerman #313695 b. 15 January 1918.

 Robert Alexander Cartwright #313691, b. 17 October 1905 in Toronto,¹⁰¹ never married, d. 27 August 1982 in Ottawa, Carleton County, Ontario,¹⁰² buried 30 August 1982 in Beechwood Cemetery, Ottawa, Ontario.¹⁰².

1954: Lived in Ottawa, Ontario.

1982: Usual address at death was 50 Russell Avenue, Ottawa.

71. Frances Naomi Cartwright #220059, b. 26 September 1900 in 32 Wilcox Street, Toronto, York County, Ontario,^{103,104} occupation 1921 Laboratory Chemist in Toronto, religion 1927 Church of England, d. after 1979 in London?.

She married **John Robert Dunbar** #220062, 20 June 1927 in St. Stephen's Church, Toronto, York County, Ontario,¹⁰⁵ b. c. 1900 in Canada (son of **Robert Clarence Dunbar** #220063 and **Mary A. Matthews** #220064), occupation 1927 Electrical Engineer in Toronto, religion 1927 Church of England.

72. **Richard Louis Cartwright** #220054, b. 14 April 1902 in Manning Avenue, Toronto, York County, Ontario,¹⁰⁶ occupation 1928 Salesman in Toronto, d. 18 October 1979 in Civic Hospital, Peterborough, Peterborough County, Ontario,¹⁰⁷ religion 1928 Church of England.

He married **Cecil Winifred Macnee** #220055, 03 February 1928 in St. Lawrence Cottage, King Street, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,^{108,109} b. c. 1905 in Ontario (daughter of **Francis Hill Macnee** #220056 and **Josephine Clement** #220057), occupation 1928 Student in Guelph, religion 1928 Church of England.

Cecil:

1828: Lived at MacDonald Hall, Guelph.

Children:

103. i. Joyce Cartwright #274355.

- 104. ii. **R. Ian Cartwright** #274357.
- 73. Henry Lennox Cartwright #220053, b. 09 June 1905 in 22 Huron Street, Toronto, York County, Ontario,¹¹⁰ occupation 1929 -1984 Barrister in Toronto and Kingston, d. 30 October 1989 in Cartwright Point, Barriefield, Kingston, Ontario.

1931: Lived in Pittsburgh Township, Frontenac County with aunt Harriet E, CARTWRIGHT, 65. 1935: Lived at 33 College Street, Kingston when married.

The Kingston Whig Standard, 30 OCT 1989

Henry Lennox Cartwright

Defended Cartwright Point, lawyer, naturalist dies at 84

Kingston lawyer and naturalist Henry Lennox Cartwright, 84, died at his home on Cartwright Point last Saturday. His widow, the former Moira Law, said this morning that her husband has said the heavily wooded 60-acre point south of Canadian Forces Base Kingston should be his memorial because he had so long defended it against appropriation by the Department of National Defence.

Born in Toronto in 1905, he began his legal practice here in 1929, retiring in 1984 because of failing eyesight, she said. A descendant of United Empire Loyalists, Mr, Cartwright had been an unsuccessful candidate for the Canadian Commonwealth Federation party on several occasions and wrote poetry and plays in addition to legal articles.

He was a keen naturalist, wilderness paddler and curler, Mrs. Cartwright said. He was also chairman of the old Kingston Board of Education for two terms and served on a number of city committees.

He was predeceased by his first wife, the late Ver Robinson, and his brothers Richard and William. In addition to his wife of 29 years, Mr. Cartwright is survived by his daughter Katherine of Kingston, his son John of London and his stepdaughter Sheila Hart of Revelstoke.

He married (1) **Vera Alexandra Robinson** #220065, 02 February 1935 in Chapel of Trinity College, Toronto, York County, Ontario,¹¹¹ b. c. 1900 in London, Ontario (daughter of **Henry James Robinson** #220066 and **Violet Anne Oakshott** #220067), occupation 1931 Barrister at Toronto City Hall, d. before 1989.

Vera:

1931: Lived with her aunt Rose ROBINSON, 62, at 481 Dovercourt Road, Toronto. 1935: Lived at 481 Dovercourt Road, Toronto when married.

The Toronto Star (Toronto, Ontario), 03 APR 1935 Woman Lawyer Aids Husband Plead Case

Kingston, April 3. - Local history was made to-day when a woman barrister appeared in the courthouse for the non-jury sittings of the Frontenac county court. Mrs. Henry L. Cartwright assisted her husband in a case which was tried before Judge E. McLean, of Picton.

Before her marriage to Mr. Cartwright on February 2, in Trinity College chapel, Toronto, Mrs. Cartwright was Vera Alexandra Robinson, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Robinson, Sault Ste. Marie. Mrs. Cartwright passed her bar examinations some years ago.

Children:

105. i. Katherine (Cookie) Cartwright #274351 b. c. 1940.

106. ii. John Cartwright #274352.

He married (2) **Moira Catherine Law** #220082, c. July 1960 in Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,¹¹² b. c. 1921,¹¹³ (daughter of **N.S. Law** #316006 and **(unidentified)** #316007), occupation Chief Librarian, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,¹¹³ occupation 1964 - 1966 Chairman, Kingston Board of Education,¹¹⁴ d. 25 August 2005 in Kingston General Hospital, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.¹¹³

74. William Bovell Cartwright #220060, b. 31 August 1908 in 322 Huron Street, Toronto, York County, Ontario,^{103,115} occupation 1934 Salesman in Toronto, d. 24 January 1975 in Wellesley Hospital, Toronto, York County, Ontario,¹¹⁶ buried 25 January 1975 in Toronto.¹¹⁶.

1924: Lived at 3 Pawnee Street, Centre Island, Toronto when married.

He married (1) **Mary Elizabeth Potter** #220068, 29 June 1934 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,¹¹⁷ b. c. 1907 in Niagara Falls, Ontario (daughter of **William James Potter** #220069 and **Nita Elfleda Donohue** #220070), d. before 1975.

Mary:

1934: Lived at 87 Manitou, Centre Island, Toronto when married.

Children:

107. i. Joan Elizabeth Cartwright #220073 b. 31 October 1937.

108. ii. Eleanor Hope Cartwright #220075.

He married (2) Aileen Woods #220071.¹¹⁶

75. Elizabeth Berdee (Betty) Cartwright #220058, b. 18 June 1910 in 322 Huron Street, Toronto, York County, Ontario,^{103,118} occupation Publisher in Toronto, d. after 1979 in Toronto? .

1928: Bridesmaid at brother Richard's marriage.

- 76. Katherine Madeline (Madge) Cartwright #220061, b. 26 November 1912 in 322 Huron Street, Toronto, York County, Ontario,^{103,119} never married, occupation 1945 Publisher in Toronto, occupation Librarian at Trinity College and Toronto Reference Library, d. 03 February 2003 in Belmont House, Toronto, York County, Ontario.¹²⁰.
- 77. Louis Richard Conway Cartwright #242572, b. 14 January 1911 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada,¹²¹ occupation Journalist, occupation 1942 1943 Censorship Advisor to RAF India Command, d. 27 August 1943 in New Delhi, India,¹²¹ buried in Delhi War Cemetery, New Delhi, India.¹²¹.
- 78. Margaret Pauline (Peggy) Cartwright #242573, b. 14 November 1912 in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada,¹²² occupation Actress "Our Gang" films, d. 13 June 2001 in Victoria, British Columbia, Canada,¹²² buried in Riverside National Cemetery, Riverside, Riverside County, California, USA.¹²².

1915: One of Hollywood's first child actors, "Birth of a Nation," 1915 and in the first episodes of the "Our Gang" short films, she was the only girl in the original cast, and the last surviving cast member. Peggy went on to play roles in many Harold Lloyd comedies, as well as serious silent features.

See IMDb at https://www.imdb.com/name/nm0142195/

Sunday Dispatch (London, England), 19 FEB 1933 Actress Weds in Secret Mis Peggy Cartwright

"Sunday Dispatch" Cable New York, Saturday.

It was revealed today that Miss Peggy Cartwright, the English actress, has married Mrs. Phil Baker, the musical comedy star.

They met in the revue "Americana," for which Shubert's brought Miss Cartwright from England. Three months later they were married.

The bride is 20 and Mr. Baker is 35. He had previously been married to the Follies girl Vivian Vernon. That marriage was dissolved.

The couple left today for Palm Beach.

Peggy remained married to third husband, black actor William F. Walker until his death in 1992.

Phil Baker's Former Wife Weds in East

A former Croftonian, Mrs. Margaret Cartwright Baker, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Conway Cartwright of this city and the former wife of Phil Baker, was married in New York March 8 to Mr. Hibbard James, son of Mrs. and Mrs., Edward Murdoch James ow Winchester, Mass.

The ceremony was solemnized by Rev. Dr. J.L. Neale in Unitarian Church of All Souls, with a reception following at the New York home of the bride, 25 East 86th street

The bride, who divorced the well-known "\$64 dollar quiz master "six years ago, attended the Royal Academy of Dramatic Arts in London. Mr. James, a Harvard alumnus and a member of the Harvard Club and the Cambridge Coffee Club, is on the faculty of Tilton School, Tilton, New Hampshire.

She married (1) **Phil Baker** #242574, November 1933 in New York, New York, USA, b. 26 August 1896 in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, USA,¹²³ occupation Actor, comedian, radio emcee, d. 30 November 1963 in Copenhagen, Denmark,¹²³ buried in Holmens Cemetery, Copenhagen, Denmark.¹²³ They were divorced on c. 1941.

Phil:

Married three times... verify mother for each child... 1940: Family lived at 803 The Parkway, Rye, Westchester, New York, with four children and two servants.

Children:

- 109. i. Margot E. Baker #315994 b. c. 1934.
- 110. ii. Stuart Baker #315993 b. c. 1935.
- 111. iii. Michael Conway Baker #315992 b. 13 March 1937.
- 112. iv. Susan Baker #242576 b. c. 1939.

She married (2) **Hibbard Garrett James** #315981, 08 March 1947 in Unitarian Church of All Souls, New York, New York, USA,^{124,125,126} b. c. 1923 in Ohio, USA,¹²⁷ (son of **Edward Murdoch James** #315995 [Oil Chemist] and **Elizabeth Cheyney Garrett** #315996), occupation 1950 Publication Director, Community Chest in Wichita.

Hibbard:

1950: Family lived at 2711 East Douglas Street, Wichita, Sedgewick County, Kansas, USA.

She married (3) **William Franklin (Bill) Walker** #242575, 13 August 1959 in Los Angeles, California, USA,¹²⁸ b. 01 July 1896 in Pendleton, Madison County, Indiana, USA,¹²² (son of **(unidentified) Walker** #316004 and **Carrie Etta (Howell) Downs** #316005), occupation 1946 - 1992 Hollywood Film Actor, d. 27 January 1992 in Woodland Hills, Los Angeles, California, USA,¹²² buried in Riverside National Cemetery, Riverside, Riverside County, California, USA.¹²²

William:

Noted for acting in such films as "To Kill a Mockingbird," 1962, (Reverend Sykes); "The Killers," 1946; "The Far Horizons," 1955; "The Big Knife," 1955; "Hush, Hush Sweet Charlotte," 1964. His marriage to Canadian child star Peggy CARTWRIGHT was one of the first interracial marriages in Hollywood.

- 79. George Stevenson Cartwright #274372, b. 05 June 1908 in London, England,¹²⁹ occupation 1929 Rhodes Scholas, entered Oxford, occupation Secretary to Rt. Hon. Vincent Massey, occupation Managing Editor, Current History, New York, occupation March 1942 Pilot Office in RAF, Flying Officer, d. 09 November 1942 in World War Two,¹²⁹ buried in Dishforth Cemetery, Dishforth, Harrogate, North Yorkshire, England.¹²⁹.
- 80. Gertrude Bouchier Emery #220117, b. 05 December 1901 in Frontenac County, Ontario.¹³⁰.
- 81. (unidentified) Emery #220120, b.¹³¹

1936: Lived in Sardis, British Columbia.

She married J.F. Waterfall #220121.131

- 82. Philip Bouchier Emery #220122, b.¹³¹ occupation 1936 Student, University of British Columbia.
- 83. (unidentified) Matheson #274363.

1943: Informant at father's death, lived at 185 Metcalfe Street, Ottawa.

She married J. Esmond Grier #274364.

84. Alan Matheson #274365, b.^{66.}

1963: Lived in Montreal, Quebec.

He married Gwyneth (unidentified) #274366.66

Children:

- 113. i. John Matheson #274367.
- 114. ii. Deborah Matheson #274368.
- 115. iii. Neil Matheson #274369.

- 85. Margaret Cayley #220020, b. c. 1897 in Ontario.¹⁰³.
- 86. Arthur B. Cayley #220019, b. c. 1899 in Ontario.¹⁰³.
- 87. **Hugh Cartwright Cayley** #220014, b. 03 July 1901 in Ontario, occupation 1928 Broker in Toronto, d. 20 August 1967 in Toronto?, buried in Saint James Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.²⁹.

1928 - 1934 : Lived at 7 Meredith Crescent, Toronto .

He married (1) **Ethel Anne Farquharson Matthews** #220015, 08 September 1928 in Roche's Point, Lake Simcoe, York County, Ontario,¹³² b. 1904 (daughter of **Wilmot Love Matthews** #220016 and **Annabel Margaret Osler** #220017), d. 1934, buried in Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.¹³³

Ethel:

1928: Lived at 90 Elm Avenue, Toronto when married.

Children:

116. i. (unnamed) Cayley #220023 b. 02 April 1934.

He married (2) **Gladys M. Large** #220018, b. 08 March 1897,²⁹ d. 17 November 1984,²⁹ buried in Saint James Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.²⁹

- 88. Sylvia Cayley #220021, b. c. 1908 in Ontario.¹⁰³.
- 89. **Ray Cayley** #220022, b. c. 1911 in Ontario.¹⁰³.
- 90. **Evelyn Mary Van Straubenzee** #220002, b. 27 April 1888 in Sydenham Street, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,¹³⁴ d. 4Q 1969 in Orphir Lodge Nursing Home, Bournemouth, Hampshire, England.¹³⁵.

Estate of GBP 7317.

She married Alexander Leslie Fletcher #220003, 4Q 1909 in Portsmouth, Hampshire, England.¹³⁶

91. **Constance Annie Van Straubenzee** #219996, b. 06 November 1889 in Officers' Quarters, Royal Military College, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario,⁸⁰ d. 04 May 1968 in 86 Blackborough Road, Reigate, Surrey, England,⁸⁰ buried in Redstone Cemetery, Redhill, Reigate, Surrey, England.⁸⁰.

1939: Lived with parents, unmarried. Estate of GBP 59,427.

- 92. Arthur Bowen Van Straubenzee #286452, b. c. 1892 in Ontario.¹³⁷.
- 93. Margaret Eleanor Van Straubenzee #220004, b. 2Q 1896 in Chatham, Kent, England, ^{138,139} d. after 1936.
- 94. Joyce Hope Van Straubenzee #219995, b. 4Q 1901 in Strood (Higham), Kent, England,¹⁴⁰ d. 24 August 1986 in Rosemount, 86 Blackborough Road, Reigate, Surrey, England,⁸⁰ buried in Redstone Cemetery, Redhill, Reigate, Surrey, England.⁸⁰.

Estate of GBP 426,665.

95. **Philip William Casimir Van Straubenzee** #219994, b. c. 1906 in Bermuda,^{80,138} d. 04 February 1940 in Westminster Hospital, Westminster. London, England,⁸⁰ buried in Redstone Cemetery, Redhill, Reigate, Surrey, England,⁸⁰ occupation 1939 Lieutenant, Royal Artillery, retired.

1939: Lived at 4, Crow Link Farm, Hailsham, Sussex, England. 1940: Usual residence at death: Little Benifold, Headley, Hampshire. Left estate of GBP 1977/0/4 to widow Suzanne VAN STRAUBENZEE.

He married Suzanne Lea-Wilson #220005, 2Q 1936 in Paddington, London, England.¹⁴¹

96. Casimir Bowen Van Straubenzee #219999, b. 29 February 1908 in Toronto, York County, Ontario, d. 1988.

He married Gwendolyn Gertrude Geohegen #220000, 1930, b. 1873, d. 1931 in Toronto?

Children:

- 117. i. Charles Casimir Van Straubenzee #220001 b. 03 July 1931.
- 97. Gwynneth Bedford-Jones #313688, b. c. August 1904 in Ontario.¹⁴².
- 98. **May Bayley** #219991, b. c. 1916 in Ontario.¹⁴³.

She married (unidentified) Scovil #220098.144

- 99. George (Terk) Bayly #219990, b. c. 1918 in Ontario,¹⁴³ d. before 2004.¹⁴⁴.
- 100. James Cartwright Uniacke Bayly #220092, b. c. 1922 in Toronto, York County, Ontario,¹⁴⁴ d. 03 July 2010 in Kingston General Hospital, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.¹⁴⁴.

He married Jane (unidentified) #220093.144

Children:

- 118. i. Darby Bayly #220094.
- 119. ii. Nancy Bayly #220095.
- 120. iii. Richard (Dick) Bayly #220096.
- 121. iv. David Bayly #220097.
- 101. **Darby Bayly** #220099, b.^{144.}

She married (unidentified) Spafford #220100.

Generation Eight

Audrey Cartwright Zimmerman #313695, b. 15 January 1918 in Summerland, British Columbia, Canada,⁹⁹
 d. June 1990 in Contra Costa County, California, USA,⁹⁹ buried in Alamo Cemetery, Alamo, Contra Costa County, California, USA.⁹⁹.

She married **Jack S. Sandkuhle** #313696, b. 08 May 1914 in Oakland, Alameda County, California, USA,¹⁴⁵ d. 23 November 1943 in Bougainville, Papua, New Guinea,¹⁴⁵ buried in Manila American Cemetery and Memorial, Manila, Philippines.¹⁴⁵

103. Joyce Cartwright #274355, b.^{107.}

She married Peter J. Lewis #274356.¹⁰⁷

Peter:

1979: Family lived in Peterborough, Peterborough County, Ontario.

104. **R. lan Cartwright** #274357, b.^{107.}

1979: Family lived in Toronto.

He married **Barbara (unidentified)** #274358.¹⁰⁷

105. Katherine (Cookie) Cartwright #274351, b. c. 1940.

1989: Lived in Kingston.

106. John Cartwright #274352.

1989: Lived in London, Ontario.

107. Joan Elizabeth Cartwright #220073, b. 31 October 1937,^{116,146} d. 12 June 2003 in East Hardwick, Vermont, USA,¹⁴⁶ buried in East Hardwick, Vermont; (Kamloops, B.C.).¹⁴⁶.

She married (unidentified) Gordon #220074.¹¹⁶

Children:

- 122. i. Katherine Gordon #220077.
- 123. ii. Deborah Gordon #220078.
- 124. iii. James Gordon #220079.

- 125. iv. Pamela Gordon #220080.
- 108. Eleanor Hope Cartwright #220075, b.^{116.}

She married (unidentified) Hunt #220076.¹¹⁶

- 109. Margot E. Baker #315994, b. c. 1934 in Illinois, USA.¹⁴⁷.
- 110. Stuart Baker #315993, b. c. 1935 in Florida.¹⁴⁷.
- 111. Michael Conway Baker #315992, b. 13 March 1937 in Good Samaritan Hospital, Palm Beach, Florida, USA.^{127,148}.

The Palm Beach Post (West Palm Beach, Florida) 16 MAR 1937

Another Radio Fan

Meet the newest member of the wide circle of Phil Baker fans - Michael Conway Baker.

Too young to laugh at his comedian-father's radio program Sunday evening, the little fellow was reported Monday to be doing "very well" at Good Samaritan Hospital.

Weighing six pounds, nine and one-half ounces, the boy was born at 7:30 o'clock Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Baker, who have a home on Sea Breeze Avenue, Palm Beach, have two other children.

- 112. Susan Baker #242576, b. c. 1939 in New York, USA.¹²⁷.
- 113. John Matheson #274367, b.^{66.}
- 114. Deborah Matheson #274368, b.^{66.}
- 115. Neil Matheson #274369, b.66.
- 116. **(unnamed) Cayley** #220023, b. 02 April 1934 in Toronto General Hospital, Toronto, York County, Ontario,¹⁴⁹ d. 02 April 1934 in Toronto General Hospital, Toronto, York County, Ontario.¹⁴⁹.
- 117. Charles Casimir Van Straubenzee #220001, b. 03 July 1931 in Toronto, York County, Ontario, d. 1957 in Rafah, Egypt.
- 118. Darby Bayly #220094, b. in Kingston.¹⁴⁴.
- 119. Nancy Bayly #220095, b. in Kingston.¹⁴⁴.
- 120. Richard (Dick) Bayly #220096, b. in Kingston.¹⁴⁴.
- 121. David Bayly #220097, b. in Kingston.¹⁴⁴.

Generation Nine

- 122. Katherine Gordon #220077, b.^{116.}
- 123. Deborah Gordon #220078, b.^{116.}
- 124. James Gordon #220079, b.^{116.}
- 125. Pamela Gordon #220080, b.^{116.}

of Trinity College, Toronto, for The Kingston Historical Society, Kingston, Ontario; The British Whig Publishing Company Limited 1921.

- ⁵ "The Loyalists in Ontario, the Sons and Daughters of The American Loyalists of Upper Canada", William D. REID, 1973.
- ⁶ Baptisms of St. George's. Kingston; George Okill STUART, Minister.

⁷ The Kingston Daily News (Kingston, Ontario), 22 MAY 1899; Article, "The Cartwright Family - More Than a Century Prominent in Canada."

- ⁸ Marriage Notices of Ontario, (1813 1854); William D, REID, ISBN 0-8063-4983-2; Ed. Thomas B. WILSON, 1979.
- ⁹ Death Notices of Ontario, William D. Reid, 1980; Upper Canada Gazette and Weekly Register, York.
- ¹⁰ Death Notices of Ontario, William D. Reid, 1980; The Kingston Gazette, 1810 1818,.
- ¹¹ The Belfast Newsletter (Belfast, Ireland); 27 NOV 1832.
- ¹² ONVS Deaths, ref. 005005-1887; c/d: Old age, short time; Informant: Son.
- ¹³ The Ottawa Journal (Ottawa, Ontario) 09 JUL 1956; Death notice for Elsie Bedford-Jones.
- ¹⁴ Gravestone image 21-00716.
- ¹⁵ Details from son Richard's 1941 death record.

¹⁶ ONVS Deaths, ref. 013390-1912; c/d: Cystitis, strangulated hernia operation, cardiac failure, 18 hours; Informant: Fred C. REID, (Undertaker).

¹⁷ findagrave.com, Cataraqui Heritage Cemetery, Cataraqui, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

¹⁸ Ireland, Civil Registrations Index, ref., 473-101247.

¹⁹ ONVS Deaths, ref. 016257-1920; c/d: Appendicitis and obstruction of bowels, Informant: Alexander CARTWRIGHT, Son, Ottawa.

- ²⁰ 1861 Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ²¹ India, Select Deaths and Burials, 1719 1948 (ancestry.com)
- ²² 1881 Portsmouth, Kingston Township, Frontenac County, Ontario census; age/birthplace/assumed relationship.
- ²³ findagrave.com, Mountain View Cemetery, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.
- ²⁴ British Columbia Death Index, ref. 1920-09-263465.
- ²⁵ Details from son Cosmo's 1914 death record.
- ²⁶ The Belfast Newsletter (Belfast, Ireland), 05 JUL 1861, Marriage Announcements.
- ²⁷ The Ottawa Journal (Ottawa, Ontario), Death Notice for Marie CARTWRIGHT.
- ²⁸ ONVS Deaths, ref. 003912-1900; c/d: Cardiac Dilatation, Informant: G. TWEEDIE.
- ²⁹ findagrave.com, Saint James Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.

³⁰ ONVS Deaths, ref. 016194-1930; c/d: Patient died suddenly, chronic myocarditis, angina pectoris; Informant: Miss VAN

STRAUBENZEE, Daughter, 86 Beverley Street, Kingston.

- ³¹ ONVS Deaths, ref. 005994-1898; c/d: Cirrhosis of the liver, two weeks; Informant: C. VAN STRAUBENZEE.
- ³² England Select Births and Baptisms, 1538 1975.
- ³³ findagrave.com, Cataraqui Cemetery, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.
- ³⁴ ONVS Deaths, ref. 006969-1913; c/d: Gastritis, Dilated heart, chronic; Informant: J.L. CARTWRIGHT, 84 Woodlawn Drive.
- ³⁵ findagrave.com, Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.
- ³⁶ 1861 Toronto, York County. Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.

³⁷ ONVS Deaths, ref. 003891-1047; c/d: Pulmonary edema, cardiac insufficiency, arterio-sclerosis; Informant: Archie W. MILLS, Undertaker.

- ³⁸ findagrave.com, Saint Peter's Anglican Cemetery, Summerland, British Columbia, Canada.
- ³⁹ ONVS Marriages, ref. 003447-1885; Witnesses: Jessie GRANT, Kingston; Mary L. CARTWRIGHT, Portsmouth.

⁴⁰ ONVS Deaths, ref. 017315-1941; c./d: Coronary fibrillation, arterio-sclerosis; Informant: Mrs. Richard CARTWRIGHT, Wife, 152 University Avenue, Kingston.

- ⁴¹ The Kingston Daily News (Kingston, Ontario), 27 SEP 1862; Birth notice.
- ⁴² ONVS Marriages, ref. 003726-1891; Witnesses: Alex. D. CARFTWRIGHT, Toronto; Constance HORA, Pittsburgh Township.
- ⁴³ ONVS Deaths, ref. 002011-1914; c/d: Carcinoma of breast; Informant: William H. LYLE.
- ⁴⁴ ONVS Marriages, ref. 008500-1915; Witnesses: A.D. CARTWRIGHT, Ottawa; Thomas S. HENRY, Napanee.
- ⁴⁵ The Ottawa Citizen (Ottawa, Ontario), 29 JUN 1954; Obituary for Alexander Dobbs Cartwright.
- ⁴⁶ The Ottawa Citizen (Ottawa, Ontario), 18 JUN 1900; Marriage announcement, HART/CARTWIGHT.
- ⁴⁷ ONVS Deaths, ref. 016135-1920; c/d: Chronic myocarditis, coronary thrombosis; Informant: Richard C. CARTWRIGHT, 152 University Avenue, Kingston., Brother.
- ⁴⁸ The Sault Star (Sault Ste Marie, Ontario), 21 JUN 1957, Death notice for Henry CARTWRIGHT.
- ⁴⁹ ONVS Marriages, ref. 002251-1899; Witnesses: William ARMSTRONG, Hannah A. CHISHOLM; both in Toronto.

¹ A. H. YOUNG, [Archibald Hope Young, 1863-1936]

² Dutch Reform Church Records, 1639 - 19891 Johanna BEASLEY, 1726.

³ Geneanet Community Trees, ancestry.com, (unverified).

⁴ findagrave.com, St. Paul's Churchyard, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario.

- ⁵⁰ ONVS Births, ref. 035890-1899.
- ⁵¹ English Death Record Index, ref. 005h-0634.
- ⁵² findagrave.com, St. Mary Magdalene Churchyard, South Holmwood, Surrey, England.
- ⁵³ English Statutory Marriage Index, ref. 002a-03432.
- ⁵⁴ Church of England Marriages, ref. 493-1901; Witnesses: Augustus Frederick PERKINS, Archibald Douglas JAMESON.
- ⁵⁵ English Statutory Marriage Index, ref. 001a-0546.
- ⁵⁶ Church of England Baptisms, Esher St. George, Surrey, England; ref. 1393-1870.
- ⁵⁷ ONVS Births, ref. 006106-1876.
- ⁵⁸ British Columbia Marriage Index, ref. 1910-09-060215.
- ⁵⁹ ONVS Births, ref. 006595-1878.
- ⁶⁰ The Kingston Whig-Standard (Kingston, Ontario), 12 OCT 1896; Death notice of Lewis CARTWRIGHT,.
- ⁶¹ ONVS Deaths, ref. 019394-1896; c/d: Obstruction of intestines, four says; Informant: John A. BARRON, Lindsay.
- ⁶² findagrave.com, Riverside Cemetery, Cayuga, Haldimand County, Ontario.
- ⁶³ findagrave.com, Ocean View Burial Park, Burnaby, British Columbia, Canada; Maple Section.
- ⁶⁴ British Columbia Marriages, ref. 1900-09-047386.
- ⁶⁵ The Ottawa Journal (Ottawa, Ontario, 21 NOV 1936; Death Notice for Frank EMERY.
- ⁶⁶ The Ottawa Citizen (Ottawa, Ontario), 02 MAY 1963; Death Notice for Medeline CARTWRIGHT MATHESON.
- ⁶⁷ ONVS Marriages, ref. 006383-1899; Witnesses: Constance COOK, Kingston; F.A. WISE, Ottawa.
- ⁶⁸ ONVS Deaths, ref. 005828-1943; c/d: Chronic Heart Disease, Coronary Sclerosis, pulmonary infarction, broncho-pneumonia;
- Informant: Mrs. Esmond GRIER, Daughter 183 Metcalf Street, Ottawa.
- ⁶⁹ findagrave.com, Confederate Cemetery, Pewee Valley, Oldhame County, Kentucky, USA.
- ⁷⁰ ONVS Marriages, ref. 007416-1907; Witnesses: Cosmo J. CARTWRIGHT, Madeline VON STRAUBENZEE; both in Portsmouth.
- ⁷¹ ONVS Deaths, ref. 004834-1881; c/d: Croup, four days; Informant: C.E. CARTWRIGHT, Father.
- ⁷² ONVS Births, ref. 011121-1873.
- ⁷³ ONVS Births, ref. 005695-1875.
- ⁷⁴ ONVS Deaths, ref. 013634-1914; c/d: Tuberculosis, 14 months; Cardiac exhaustion; Informant: Mrs. TELFORD, Alabama.
- ⁷⁵ ONVS Births, ref. 008570-1882.
- ⁷⁶ The Kingston Whig-Standard)Kingston, Ontario), 31 OCT 1814; Death of Cosmo CARTWRIGHT.
- ⁷⁷ ONVS Marriages, ref./ 015059-1895; Witnesses: H.H. BEDFORD JONES, Minnie P(. TEMPLE; both in Toronto.
- ⁷⁸ 1871 Portsmouth, Kingston Township, Frontenac County, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ⁷⁹ Details from daughter Evelyn's 1888 birth record.
- ⁸⁰ findagrave.com, Redstone Cemetery, Redhill, Reigate, Surrey, England.
- ⁸¹ English Statutory Marriages, ref. 0021-0799.
- ⁸² English Statutory Births, ref. 001b-0026.
- ⁸³ ONVS Births, ref. 003522-1870.
- ⁸⁴ 1891 Portsmouth, Kingston, Frontenac County, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ⁸⁵ ONVS Marriages, ref. 002293-1907; Witnesses: Colin C. HARBOTTLE, Toronto; Ruby RAMSAY, Montreal.
- ⁸⁶ ONVS Deaths, ref. 034485-1946; c/d: Coronary thrombosis; Informant: Fred W. MATTHEWS Co., (no relation)

⁸⁷ findagrave.com, Old St. Peter's Cemetery, Brockville, Leeds and Grenville, Ontario.

⁸⁸ ONVS Marriages, ref. 011381-1904; Witnesses: Charles VON STRAUBENZEE, Toronto; Jean WEBSTER, Ottawa.

⁸⁹ ONVS Deaths, ref. 004322-1933; c/d: Auricular fibrillation, myocarditis, double pneumonia; Informant: Mrs. J.S. CARTWRIGHT, Stepmother, 25 Sussex Court, Toronto.

- ⁹⁰ 1881 Toronto, York County, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ⁹¹ ONVS Births, ref. 0037597-1879.
- ⁹² ONVS Deaths, ref. 020780-1895; c/d: Valvular heart disease, six weeks; Informant: J.D. TYRELL. M.D.
- ⁹³ ONVS Marriages, ref. 023693-1915; Witnesses: S.B. PELATER?, Toronto; Helen CARTWRIGHT.

⁹⁴ ONVS Deaths, ref. 005828-1941; c/d: Cerebral hemorrhage, malignant hypertension; Informant: Adelina BAYLEY, Wife, 47

- Castlefield Avenue, Toronto.
- ⁹⁵ 1911 York South, York, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ⁹⁶ ONVS Births, ref. 038366-1893.
- ⁹⁷ findagrave.com, Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.
- ⁹⁸ ONVS Marriages, ref. 005855-1917; Witnesses: Andrew R. RIDDELL, Toronto; George BAULY, Port Credit, Ontario.
- ⁹⁹ findagrave.com, Alamo Cemetery, Alamo, Contra Costa County, California, USA.
- ¹⁰⁰ ONVS Births, Delayed Registrations; ref. 901277-1943.
- ¹⁰¹ 1911 St. George's Ward, Ottawa, Carleton County, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ¹⁰² The Ottawa Citizen (Ottawa, Ontario), 30 AUG 1982; Death notice for Robert Alexander CARTWRIGHT.
- ¹⁰³ 1921 Toronto, York County, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ¹⁰⁴ ONVS Births, ref. 004996-1904.

¹⁰⁵ ONVS Marriages, ref. 003114-1927; Witnesses: F.M. CARTWRIGHT, 322 Huron Street, Toronto;. Mary E. DUNBAR, 48 Filatt Avenue, Hamilton.

- ¹⁰⁶ ONVS Births, ref. 03255-1902.
- ¹⁰⁷ The Kingston Whig Standard (Kingston, Ontario), 18 OCT 1979; Death Notice for Richard CARTWRIGHT.
- ¹⁰⁸ ONVS Marriages, ref. 001443-1928; Witnesses: Constance WEBSTER, Whitby; H.S. CARTWRIGHT, Toronto,.
- ¹⁰⁹ The Gazette (Montreal, Quebec), 29 SEP 1928; Marriage Announcement for Richard Louis CARTWRIGHT.
- ¹¹⁰ ONVS Births, ref. 009198-1905.

¹¹¹ ONVS Marriages, ref. 001408-1935; Witnesses: Henry CARTWRIGHT, 322 Huron Street; Rosa ROBINSON, 481 Dovercourt Road, both in Toronto.

¹¹² Edmonton Journal (Edmonton, Alberta) 22 JUL 1960; Marriage notice, Moira Catherine JONES and Henry Lennox CARTWRIGHT.

- ¹¹³ Kingston Whig Standard, Obituary, 26 AUG 2005; Moira CARTWRIGHT.
- ¹¹⁴ The Kingston Whig-Standard (Kington, Ontario), 20 MAR 1968; Moira CARTRIGHT, Chairman. Kingston Board of Education.
 ¹¹⁵ ONVS Births, ref. 007059-1908.
- ¹¹⁶ The Gazette (Montreal, Quebec), 25 JAN 1975; Death Notice for William Bovell CARTWRIGHT.
- ¹¹⁷ ONVS Marriages, ref. 003151-1934; Witnesses: Alice MATTHEW, 21 Joicy? Boulevard; Rose THOMPSON, 45 Braemar Avenue; both in Toronto.
- ¹¹⁸ ONVS Births, Delayed Registration, ref. 501365-1951.
- ¹¹⁹ ONVS Births, Delayed Registration, ref. 0501003?1945.
- ¹²⁰ National Post (Toronto, Ontario), 94 FEB 2003; Death notice for Katharine Madeline CARTWRIGHT.
- ¹²¹ findagrave.com, Delhi War Cemetery, New Delhi, India.
- ¹²² findagrave.com, Riverside National Cemetery, Riverside, Riverside County, California, USA.
- ¹²³ findagrave.com, Holmens Cemetery, Copenhagen, Denmark.
- ¹²⁴ The Province (Vancouver, British Columbia) obituary for Dr. Conway Cartwright.
- ¹²⁵ The Sharples -Sharpless Family, Volume 1, Bart Anderson, 1966; page 762,
- ¹²⁶ Marriage announcement, Vancouver, British Columbia; CARTWRIGHT/JAMES.
- ¹²⁷ 1950 Wichita, Sedgewick County, Kansas, USA census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ¹²⁸ California Marriage Index, 1949-1959.
- ¹²⁹ findagrave.com, Dishforth Cemetery, Dishforth, Harrogate, North Yorkshire, England.
- ¹³⁰ ONVS Births, ref. 014281-1901.
- ¹³¹ Details from father Frank's death notice.

¹³² ONVS Marriages, ref. 026913-1928; Witnesses: Balthus? L. SMITH, 19 Forest Hill Road; Jean JENNINGS, 16g Lorothan? Avenue; both in Toronto.

- ¹³³ findagrave.com, Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Toronto, York County, Ontario.
- ¹³⁴ ONVS Births, Delayed Registration, ref. 501027-1946.
- ¹³⁵ English Death Record Index, ref. 006b-0635.
- ¹³⁶ Englich Marriage Record Index, ref. 002b-01006.
- ¹³⁷ 1901 Gillingham, Kent, England census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ¹³⁸ 1911 Kingston and East Southsea, Portsmouth, Hampshire, England census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ¹³⁹ English Birth Record Index, ref. 002a-0638.
- ¹⁴⁰ English Birth Record Index, ref. 0021-0626.
- ¹⁴¹ English Marriage Record Index, ref. 001a-0039.
- ¹⁴² 1911 Elizabethtown, Brockville, Leeds and Grenville, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ¹⁴³ 1921 Toronto Township, Peel County, Ontario census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ¹⁴⁴ Kingston Whig Standard, Obituary, 06 JUL 20210, James Cartwright Uniacke BAYLY obituary.
- ¹⁴⁵ findagrave.com, Manila American Cemetery and Memorial, Manila, Philippines.
- ¹⁴⁶ Vermont Death Records, ref. 03002316-2003; c/d: Lung metastasis from breast cancer, breast cancer; Informant: Deborah J.

HARTT, 51 Hartt Drive, East Hardwick, Vermont.

- ¹⁴⁷ 1940 Rye, Westchester County, New York, USA census; age/birthplace/relationship.
- ¹⁴⁸ The Palm Beach Post (west Palm Beach, Florida) 16 MAR 1937; birth announcement for Michael Conway BAKER.
- ¹⁴⁹ ONVS Deaths, ref. 002923-1934; c/d: Atelectasis; Informant: High Cartwright CAYLEY, Father, 7 Meredith Crescent, Toronto.

© 2025 John A. Brebner

http://www.pollymoth.com

Comments/Corrections? mailto:john.brebner@pollymoth.com